[NUMB. 1911.]

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

THE

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1772.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by T. POWELL & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

Mr. POWELL,

AT my first coming into this Province, I was not a little surprized at the Number of *Black Faces* that every where presented themselves; but my Surprize was so greatly heightened when I reached *Charles-Town*, that, had I not seen some *few* of those People before, as I passed through the other Colonies, it is my Opinion, I should have been weak enough to suspect, that my Guide, instead of shewing me the Way to this Town, had conducted me to Africa, or *Lucifer's Court*. To People here, such a Suspicion may seem very outré; but it would be no unnatural one to a *European*, who had never seen any Negroes till he came where they so abound; and he would be still more confirmed in it, when he found them (as I did, who have been both in the Army and Navy) in common Conversation, far surpassing the most profligate Whites, in the Use of the most horrid *Imprecations*, *Blasphemies*, and *Obscenity*—without being PUNISHED! or even CHECKED! "Oh! tell it not in Gath, nor publish it in the Streets of Askelon!"—as if *they* were privileged so to do, and could not *legally* be restrained.

I did not *then* so much attend to this Enormity, my Time being chiefly engaged in Researches of a different Nature: But afterwards, I soon perceived a great Difference in Appearance as well as Behaviour, between *the Negroes* of the Country, and *those* in Charles-Town.

The *former*, I found to be generally clad *suitable* to their Condition, *contented*, *sober*, *modest*, *humble*, *civil*, and *obliging*: In short, there was something in *their* whole Deportment, which so particularly interested me in their Behalf, as to give Rise to such Reflections as every Man, endowed with the common Feelings of Humanity, ought to entertain—supposing an Exchange of Condition with his Slave.

The *latter* appeared to me, in all Respects, the very *Reverse*—abandonedly *rude*, *unmannerly*, *insolent*, and *shameless*—and many of the *Female* Slaves by far more *elegantly* dressed, than the Generality of *white Women* below Affluence are.——[Here a Friend of mine came in, on a Visit, with whom entering into Discourse on this Subject, he sat down, and immediately wrote the following, *which* he desired I would insert in this Place, and I give it you in his own Words.]—"*The more 'tis the Shame to "those who attach themselves to such Wretches, who will pro-"stitute their Bodies to all Persons that will offer them a Penny. "Nay, to such a Pitch of Licentiousness have some Men arrived, "that they cohabit, as Husbands, with Negro Women, treating "them as Wives even in public, and do not blush to own the "Mongrel Breed, that Proles biformis, which is thus begotten; "maintaining the spurious Progeny, as well as the Mother, in "Splendor, whilst many virtuous and industrious white Wo-"men might be found, who, though in low Circumstances, would "be a Credit to a Man, and much less expensive, than a black "Strumpet, to whom any Person is a welcome Bed-Fellow "when an Opportunity offers. I could name some such base-"minded Men, but shall spare them, for the present with only "one Remark, that this scandalous Intimacy, which too much "subsists between the Sexes of different Colours, is a principal "Reason why the Wenches are so insolent and useless to their "Owners, as well as the Cause of their frequent Elopements, "during which they are concealed and supported by their abject "Paramours.*"

It is hoped the Reader will pardon the following Digression, as it may hereafter appear not altogether unnecessary.

I laid it down as a Rule, at setting out on my Travels, always to lodge in the best private House wherever I came, and also to change my Lodgings, till I should meet with an Host who was an old Settler in the Place, sensible, intelligent, and of unquestionable Veracity. It was my good Fortune, to bring with me, amongst other Letters of Recommendation, one to a Gentleman here, who was descended from a French Refugee of some Rank; a Person blessed with a liberal Education, and as liberal Principles; clear Perceptions, and a sound Judgment; who had read both Men and Books, enjoyed an excellent Memory, and possessed an extraordinary Share of Affability and Humanity: He procured me an Apartment in a Place that exactly suited my Plan, viz. in the House of a Gentleman who, though then residing in Town, was a Planter, and had been in the Commission of the Peace, as well as in divers parochial Offices. Between these two Gentlemen I found myself so happily situated, that I spent most of my Time, whether in Town or Country, with one or other of them and their Friends, till the former paid the Debt of Nature, to my infinite Regret. To *these several Persons* I acknowledge myself more particularly obliged for the greatest Part of the Knowledge I have acquired relating to this Province; and should any of my Pieces prove of the least Utility, it may justly be imputed to *their* generous and candid Communications.

To return. The horrid Vice of BLASPHEMING, which I think might easily be suppressed, was not the only one that I found the Slaves in Charles-Town were addicted to; for they seemed to be *equally abandoned*, and *unrestrained*, with Regard to GAMING, DRUNKENNESS, and all Manner of LEWDNESS. I could hardly think it possible that I should meet with any civilized People upon Earth, more especially those who professed Christianity in its utmost Purity, that would suffer *such Vices* to prevail, as surely are Insults of the highest Nature, both with Respect to God and Man; the greatest Dishonour to our holy Religion; and of the most dangerous Consequence to Society—if we even considered only the Badness of such Examples to Children and Youth.

I would ask *here*, What Dependance can we have, on those professed *Blasphemers*, *Gamesters*, and *Drunkards*? But I know the proper Answer to such a Question had better be suppressed than given: However, it certainly ought to teach us, to be on our Guard against the Machinations of so corrupt a Race, who at present are permitted to enjoy a boundless Liberty of trampling on the Laws, both Divine and Human.

I enquired of my Landlord, (1) Whether the Laws of this Province extended to the Punishment of Vice in Negroes? or, (2) whether they had been passed by the Slaves, and were binding only on their Masters? If they were of Force against the Negroes, (3) whether they were defective? or (4) if the Persons appointed, *sworn*, or otherwise required, to carry them into Execution, totally neglected that essential Duty? He seemed astonished at my Questions; but soon recovering himself, answered the 1st in the Affirmative, with this Remark, that "as Slaves "were deemed Chattels, many Crimes committed by them, for "which a white Man would suffer Death, subjected those People "only to moderate corporal Punishment—that *this* was owing "to an ill-judged Restriction in the Law for the Valuation of "Slaves condemned to die—and *that Defect* was the Source of "many intolerable Evils, which were too often passed over un-"noticed." To the 2d Question he made no Answer. To the 3d and 4th, he said, "That many of our Laws were admira-"bly adapted to the local Circumstances of the Province; and "not otherwise defective, than in being shamefully neglected to "be carried into Execution: That he feared this might be "owing, to our having had many Magistrates who were con-"tented with the bare *Name*—others, who had solicited the "Insertion of *their's*, from the *patriotic Motive* of being ex-"cused from Musters of the Militia—and some, merely to "obtain, and be addressed, in *such Cases*, with the *paltry* Title "of *Esquire*"—[a Dignity as often conferred, or taken away, by you Gentlemen Printers, as by those who have the *Right* to bestow it].—"That there had been many *Constables* of infa-"mous Lives and Characters, and not worth a Groat, who "interested themselves in conniving at Irregularities, because "they or their Wives, by Licence, kept Tipling-Houses or "Dram-Shops, nay, even Bawdy-Houses,—but the latter, not "by Licence: And, that the Watch Company also, a great "Part had consisted of such Persons as retailed spirituous Li-"quors, and consequently drew much of their Subsistance from "Dealings with Negroes."——I could not help telling my Host, that at this Time he seemed a little splenetic: But he grew warm, and insisted, that he had advanced nothing but Facts, and that they were well known to every Inhabitant of Charles-Town. I then asked this good Man, what Sort of Magistrates, Constables, and Watchmen we *now* had? He answered, "He "could not say; but hoped they were good Men, and that they "would do their Duty, tho' he thought they were slow in making "a Beginning." Picqued at my seeming to have doubted the Justness of the Pictures he had drawn, his Warmth continuing, he at last desired me not to trust entirely to Hearsay or his Veracity in these Matters, but apply to the Evidence of my own Senses, which he said I might do, as I was a *Stranger*, known to few, with great Facility and Success, by either disguising myself in the Habit of a common Sailor, or putting on the Appearance of Indigence and Distress, and thus perambulating the Town on Sundays, early and late, especially during the Time of Divine Service, passing and re-passing frequently thro' the Bye-Lanes and Alleys, King-Street, the Out-skirts, and the Interstices between the Stores upon the Wharves; and by, in the like Disguise, travelling some Saturday Evenings a few Miles up the Road. To restore him to good Humour, I promised to take his Advice and put it in Practice; and I accordingly did so, at Four different Times, the last in the Easter Holidays.—What I observed under these concealed Appearances, shall hereafter be made public, unless a very great and sudden Change for the better should take Place, and render it unnecessary to expose ——— what, for the present shall remain veiled.

My Landlord has just put into my Hands, all the Laws that have been enacted here, *for the better ordering and governing Negroes and other Slaves——regulating Taverns and Punch-Houses—establishing a Watch-Company—regulating of Patrols—the Militia, &c. &c. &c.* with some very pertinent and judicious Remarks of his own, more especially on the first: But, as he will not permit me to publish the Whole of his Observations, I shall now only promise you, in my next, some Extracts from those Acts, upon which every Reader will find it easy to discover, whether the Non-Execution of them, is owing to any Defects therein—or to what other Causes. In the mean Time, I remain, Yours, &c.

August 11, 1772. THE STRANGER.

New Advertisements.

MR. FOURNIER,
MINIATURE PAINTER, *&c.*

HAS now taken one of the new Houses, near the OLD CHURCH, and on the shortest Notice will wait on those Ladies and Gentlemen that may be pleased to favour him with their Commands.

ONE HALF
OF A
COASTING SCOONER,
To be SOLD, a GREAT BARGAIN.

SHE is esteemed, by good Judges, to be as complete a Vessel for the Trade as any employed therein;—Burthen 160 Barrels of Rice, and draws when loaded, only six Feet Water;—she is well found at present.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may view her at Mr. LINN's Wharf, *Hobcab*, where she is cleaning, and treat with
DANIEL CANNON, or
WILLIAM DOUGHTY.

The SUBSCRIBER

HAS opened a private House of Entertainment and Lodging, for Country Gentlemen and Ladies, in TRADD-STEET, next Door to Mr. *Hawkins's* Store; where they may be assured of always meeting with genteel Accommodations, both in Diet and Lodging; and their Favours gratefully acknowledged, by

Their humble Servant,
HENRY SLADE.

N. B. He will be most obliged to his Friends in the Country, for a Continuance of their Favours in the Disposal of their Beef, Hogs, &c. this Winter; and assures them, that his utmost Endeavours shall be exerted for the Interest of those who may be pleased to favour him with their Commands in the above Way.

Radcliffe & Shepheard,
HAVE JUST IMPORTED,
In the ST. HELENA, *Capt* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

DUFFIL Blankets; white and coloured PLAINS, of a very good Quality; NAILS of all Sorts; Iron Pots; Hoes, and Axes; Cotton and Wool Cards; Mens coarse and fine Hats; Boys Ditto; Earthen and Glass Ware of all Kinds; Osnabrugs, and Osnabrugs Thread; Shot of all Sizes.

They have likewise just received from LONDON,
A QUANTITY of HOSIERY;

Consisting of Mens Silk Breeches Patterns, of all Prices; Mens coarse and fine Thread and Silk Stockings; Womens, Boys, and Girls Ditto; Which, with their Stock before on Hand, they will sell upon the most moderate Terms, at their Store in BROAD-STREET.

JAMIESON, SIMONS, & Co.
Have imported in the BATCHELOR, *Captain* RAMAGE, *from* LEITH; *and* CAROLINA, *Capt.* LOWLEY, *from* LONDON,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of SCOTCH SADLERY of all Kinds;—clear, striped, long and figured Lawns;—Needle-worked Lawn Aprons, Ruffles, and Handkerchiefs;—plain, flowered, and spotted Silk Gauzes, and Silk Gauze Handkerchiefs of different Patterns;—*Scotch* Linen;—Diaper Table-Cloths and Tabling; a large Quantity of SHOES of all Sizes;—Mens, Womens, and Childrens plain and ribbed knit white Thread Hose, and Ditto brown;—Ounce Threads;—a Quantity of Check Handkerchiefs;—Bibles, Testaments, Prayer and Spelling-Books;—very fine BLUE and GREEN PLAINS of a most extraordinary Quality, and particularly chosen by a good Judge in *England*;—Gold and Silver Tambour-worked Patterns for Ladies Shoes and Gentlemens Waistcoats;——Which, with their FORMER VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT, they will sell on their usual good Terms, at their Store on the Bay.

☞ A fresh Parcel of best FLOUR and BREAD, just arrived from PHILADELPHIA by Capt. MOORE, to be sold as above.

GEORGE COOKE, & Co.
Have imported in last Vessels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,
A general Assortment of GOODS;

Which will be disposed of on the most REASONABLE TERMS, at their Store, the South Corner of BROAD-STREET, opposite the EXCHANGE. [6 w.]

For NEW-YORK,
THE BRIGANTINE
BETSEY,
George Fowler, Master.

SHE has genteel Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail the 6th of SEPTEMBER.——For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on Board, at *Champney's* Wharf, or to
SIMONSON & BROWER.

Who have FOR SALE,
At their STORE on the BAY,

MADERA WINE, in Pipes and Quarter-Casks;—NEW-YORK RUM, in Hogsheads and Barrels;—BRANDY and GENEVA;—common and superfine FLOUR;—Water Bread;—Cheese;—Loaf Sugar; Bar Iron;—Salt-petre'd Hams;—a few Boxes of Spermaceti and green Wax Candles;—Bohea, Souchong, and Green Teas; a few Dozens of the best Silk Hose;—a stout DRAFT-HORSE, and an English Three-fourth blooded RACE MARE, three Years old.——Also, a genteel new PHAETON, &c. &c. with a few DRY GOODS, which will be sold VERY LOW, for CASH.

To be SOLD,
To any Person residing in the COUNTRY,
A very likely Country born Negro-Wench,
About Twenty-three Years of Age.

She can Wash and Iron very well, is an extraordinary good Sempstress, and has been brought up to all Kinds of House-Work. Enquire at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 6, 1772.

THE Subscriber, being authorized, by a Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery, to receive and collect all the Monies due and owing to the late Co-partnership of KINCAID & BLAIKIE, hereby *gives Notice*, That the Books of Accompt of said Co-partnership are now in his Hands; and, as there is an absolute Necessity for settling the Concerns thereof immediately, he hopes those who are indebted thereto, will avail themselves of this Notice.

JOHN REMINGTON, jun.

ALL Persons having Demands on the Estate of ISAAC LESESNE, late of Daniel's Island, deceased, are desired to deliver in their Accompts attested, that they may be paid;—and those any Way indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment, to

ELIZABETH LESESNE, *Executrix.*

Who is in Want of an OVERSEER, to attend a Plantation near Charles-Town.

LONDON, JUNE 3.

WE hear from Rome, that the very Day on which his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter departed from thence, the Chevalier Charles Stuart made his public entry into that City. By our lateſt advices received from the continent, we are enabled to give a farther and authentic account of that public entry; for our letters, which are dated the 11th of May, remark, that this Prince of the houſe of Stuart arrived at Rome with his new-married conſort, in a moſt elegant ſtate coach drawn by ſix horſes, with ſix poſtillions, their liveries ſcarlet and gold, the ſame as the Kings of England always give. This brilliant equipage was preceded by two horſemen, dreſſed as couriers, who ſwept the ſtreets, continually crying, as they rapidly paſſed along, "*Make room for the King and Queen:—Long live the King and Queen.*"—And, as the populace were privately given to underſtand, that it was the Pope's good will and pleaſure, that the Chevalier ſhould make this public entry in the manner he did, they one and all ſaluted him with "*God ſave the King and Queen:—Long live the King and Queen.*" Nor were the populace the only claſs of Romans who thus demonſtrated their unfeigned joy on this happy occaſion; for the Nobility of all ranks went in crowds to ſalute and welcome their [*mock*] Majeſties on their arrival; and even the Cardinals themſelves went in their formalities to compliment the new-married and illuſtrious couple. What is particularly remarkable, the Chevalier and his conſort, by way of *Royal* etiquette, actually received the the Cardinals *ſitting*.—On this *ſolemn* occaſion, Cardinal York made a magnificent preſent to the Queen his ſiſter-in-law.

Adrices are received from Peterſburgh, that the Ruſſian miſſionaries in the government of Capan and Arenbourg have baptized upwards of 5000 Mahometans and Idolaters, whom they had converted to the Greek religion ſince the beginning of March 1771.

It is reported, when the club of Maccaronies, juſt inſtituted at the Star and Garter, Pall-Mall, applied to the college of Heralds for a ſet of arms to be made out for them, they received for anſwer, that inſtead of arms they had better apply for heads.

On the 24th day of April laſt, the noted horſe Pincher run at Newmarket for 1000 guineas, and was beat by Mr C. Blake's colt Florizel, got by Herod, a famous horſe which belonged to the late Duke of Cumberland. They run over the Beacon courſe—Pincher was ſix years old, got by Shakeſpear, and carried 8ſt. 9lb.—Florizel was only three years old, and carried 7ſt. —Even betting at ſtarting.

On the 14th of May, Pincher, then aged, carring 8ſt. 4lb. was beat by Mr. Fox's Tantaloon, got by Matchem, five years old, and carried 8ſt. over the Beacon courſe, for 1000 guineas. —At ſtarting, ſix and ſeven to four on Pincher.

Mr. Foley's Pyrrhus and Trentham were to ſtart, ſome Time laſt month, againſt Mr. Ogilvy's Pincher, each to carry 8ſt. 7lb. Mr. Foley betting Mr. Ogilvy 2500 guineas to 2000, that both Pyrrhus and Trentham beat Pincher. Pyrrhus is five years old, and Trentham won the Jockey-club plate on the 14th of May, carrying 8ſt. 7lb. beating ſix others of high form. [*We have not yet learnt who won the above match.*]

JUNE 5.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, May 20.

"The affairs of the Confederates are at preſent in a moſt critical ſituation, and every day ſome of their members deſert them. Marſhal Zeremba, one of their principal chiefs ſurrendered with all his corps, conſiſting of 2000 men, to the Ruſſian Colonels Lapuchin and Drewitz. The following were the conditions granted them. Mr. Zaremba and his General officers, after engaging upon oath not to be any more concerned in any confederacy, are to come and reſide here. The other officers, who are gentlemen, are permitted to ſtay in the country, giving ſecurity for their peaceable behaviour. The Poliſh ſoldiers are to be incorporated in the body of the King's Uhlans, and the huſſars or other foreigners are to go into the ſervice of Ruſſia. Prince Auguſtus de Sulkowſki is likewiſe determined to quit the Confederacy; and it is generally thought that his example will be followed by that of ſeveral other chiefs of the Confederates.

"The cuſtom-houſe which the Ruſſians had eſtabliſhed at Marienwerder is aboliſhed; ſo that the trade of Dantzick reſumes its former vigour."

They write from the Hague, that his Pruſſian Majeſty, at the head of ten thouſand troops, entered the city of Warſaw, in Poland, on the ſecond of May laſt, and that an interview was immediately had between his Majeſty and the King of Poland.

Advice is received from Hanover, that ſome diſagreeable altercations happened among the officers on the late military arrangement there, but the ſtorm has blown over without any diſagreeable circumſtances. The report of his Britannic Majeſty's viſit to that electorate, is again revived.

We hear that the court of Portugal has ſome thoughts of raiſing the value of their gold coin.

On Monday laſt a new yacht belonging to the Lords of the Admiralty was launched at Deptford: This launch was attended with ſome extraordinary circumſtances; the veſſel being completely fitted for ſea when ſhe went off the ſlips, during which motion her ſwivel guns were fired on board; an inſtance not known before.

PARIS, May 18. A certain mighty power of Europe has ſent word to the confederates of Poland, that if they would agree to have a King upon the throne, according to his pleaſure, meaning the Chevalier Charles Stuart, now King of Corſica, he would aſſiſt them to the full extent of his power and influence. A nobleman went through a certain city of France, in his way to London, the 8th of this month, when he carried the intelligence, that the Pretender will very ſoon be proclaimed King of Corſica.

LONDON, JUNE 8.

Their being no diſagreement in the ſenſe of the two Houſes, upon the eſſential parts of the corn bill, nor upon the plan of the whole, it is now underſtood, by all the parties concerned, that it will paſs the two Houſes before the twentieth day of next ſeſſions. And Governor Pownall has given notice, that he will move for leave to bring it in on the next ſitting of Parliament.

Private letters from Paris ſay, that a formal reconciliation between the King and the Princes of the Blood, is expected to take place in the Whitſun-week.

Theſe letters add, that Madam Barre's diſgrace, and Choiſeul's recall, are the expected conſequences of this event.

JUNE 24.

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Liſbon, to his correſpondent in this city, dated June 11.

"Great preparations are making here in and all the ſea ports in this kingdom, in getting ſhips ready for ſea, which makes us imagine we are juſt on the eve of a war, and it is ſtrongly reported here that Spain will break with France for encouraging, contrary to treaty, the order of Jeſuits to remain in that kingdom: if it ſhould turn out ſo, Portugal muſt aſſiſt Spain; this the French merchants here are apprehenſive of; and therefore ſome of them who have got large fortunes (the balance of trade having been thrown into their hands) are preparing to return to France. The Engliſh merchants begin to flouriſh again, and are better treated now than they have been for many years."

Since the arrival here of Sir Robert-Murray Keith, from Denmark, it is reported at the Weſtend of the town, that the Daniſh Monarch repents his giving countenance to the proceedings againſt his amiable conſort and the unfortunate Counts Struenſee and Brandt.

It is reported an Iriſh Peerage is deſigned for Sir Robert Keith as a reward for his recent conduct at the Daniſh court.

ALGIERS, May 30. The Daniſh Admiral Hoogland arrived here on the 7th inſt. with the fleet under his command, and on the 16th he ſaluted the town with 21 guns, which were returned by an equal number, as a ſignal that a treaty of peace has been agreed upon between his Daniſh Majeſty and this Regency; and all hoſtilities are ceaſed.

WARSAW, June 3. The Miniſtry have publiſhed the letter from Peterſburgh, which aſſures us that the truce between the Porte and Ruſſia is concluded upon. The courts of Vienna and Berlin are doing all in their power to eſtabliſh peace. The Court has ſent a note to all the foreign miniſters containing the declaration of Mr. Dombart, Preſident of the Chamber, to Mr. Panlitz, Counſellor to the King at Marienbourg, concerning the taking poſſeſſion of Poliſh Pruſſia by the troops of his Pruſſian Majeſty. The Eagles of Pruſſia are already placed on the borders of Ermeland, and in part of Great Poland. The Marſhal of the Crown received an expreſs yeſterday, with advice that the Auſtrian troops had entered the diſtrict of Bizeremiſtſch. It is ſtrongly reported that a certain Court is labouring underhand to retard the negotiations of peace between Ruſſia and the Porte, in order to obtain its ends thereby, which time will diſcloſe. Our politicians are all at a loſs to find out why the Ruſſians ſtrengthen their force in Poland, whilſt the Confederates are daily growing leſs. The Ruſſians have 60,000 men under General Bibikow, and ſome regiments are arrived from Prince Dolgorucki's army.

VIENNA, June 10. The recruiting parties begin to appear in the ſtreets of this city, attended with different inſtruments of muſic, and enliſt men for the cavalry, which is a ceremony that has not been practiſed for many years.

Some publications have made their appearance here, ſetting forth the right the Houſe of Auſtria has to ſeveral provinces in Poland, but they are very ſcarce, and difficult to come at.

COPENHAGEN, June 13. The fate of Lieut. Gen. Gahler, Col. Falkenſhiold, and the Counſellor of Juſtice Struenſee, is at laſt decided. The firſt has been enlarged with a penſion of 500 rixdollars, on condition that he retires to his Majeſty's German dominions with his lady, who is alſo allowed a penſion of 500 rixdollars. The ſecond is condemned to be immured for life, and the laſt has obtained liberty to return to Lignitz, where the King of Pruſſia has invited him to fill a profeſſor's chair.

HAMBURGH, June 19. We received yeſterday the melancholy news, that a fire has lately conſumed at Oëſtiga, near Archangel, 519 houſes, and a great number of magazines, in which were 1000 laſts of rye, and great quantities of hemp.

LONDON, JUNE 25.

Yeſterday came on at Guildhall the election for Sheriffs for the city and county of Middleſex for the year enſuing. All the Aldermen who had not ſerved the office, and who were below the chair, were put up in order; after which Watkin Lewes, Eſq; was put up; and the ſhew of hands appearing for Mr. Alderman Oliver and Watkin Lewes, Eſq; they were returned; but a poll was demanded for Alderman Plumbe. The poll began at four o'clock in the afternoon, and cloſed at ſix, when the numbers were: For Mr. Oliver, 162; Mr. Lewes, 157; and Mr. Plumbe, 41.

Lord Harcourt goes as Viceroy of Ireland, but the terms are not as yet *finally aſcertained*. His Lordſhip wants a little more *elbow room* than his predeceſſor, but the voice of the Cabinet is, "You muſt do as Lord Townſhend did, and for particulars we refer you to Sir George Macartney, who is perfectly well acquainted with that kingdom."

Tueſday afternoon, about four o'clock, an extraordinary meſſenger arrived at the Spaniſh Ambaſſador's houſe in Great-Ormond-ſtreet, from Madrid.

Extract of a letter from Hanover. June 15.

"The Queen Carolina Matilda not approving of her reſidence at Goerde, and having ſimilar reaſons for not reſiding at Zell, a houſe in the capital of this electorate, called by the name of the Duke's Houſe, is fitting up for the reception of her Majeſty, where ſhe is now expected every day, and in which ſhe intends to reſide till ſome favourable opportunity may recall her to Copenhagen.

"The King of Pruſſia having publicly notified that Poliſh Pruſſia hath been ceded to him, hath dignified that branch of the diſmembered kingdom of Poland by the name of New-Pruſſia, and fixed the town of Marienweder as the capital of theſe new acquired dominions."

Sunday laſt died at Newnham, in Glouceſterſhire, Mrs. Keith, aged 133, who retained her ſenſes till within a fortnight before her death: She has left 6000l. to her three daughters, the youngeſt of whom is 109 years of age; ſhe has likewiſe left behind her about 70 grand-children and great-grand-children.

JUNE 26.

Advices ſaid to be received from Denmark aſſert, that on Saturday, June the 6th, towards the evening, the whole Marine corps in gariſon at Copenhagen appeared in an uproar, and they knew the King was to return that evening from Charlottenland, they marched out of Copenhagen at the Eaſtern gate in one regular body to meet him, where they preſented a remonſtrance, inſiſting upon immediate redreſs. The King at firſt expreſſed viſible marks of fear, but attempting to ſpeak in an authoritative ſtile, the Marine corps peremptorily inſiſted upon an immediate redreſs; to which at laſt the King thrice replied, that their grievances ſhould be inſtantly redreſſed. Notwithſtanding this declaration of the King, it was with the utmoſt difficulty that they were appeaſed, and that his Majeſty eſcaped with his life.

Some change in the Miniſtry is ſaid to be on the carpet, and if it takes place, the Duke of Northumberland will occupy an important poſt.

This Morning a French Nobleman, ſaid to be the Duke de Nivernois, ſet out from the French Ambaſſador's, in Great George-ſtreet for Dover, to embark for France.

A correſpondent ſays that ſix expreſſes have been ſent off to Stockholm within this fortnight.

Orders have been iſſued for all the officers belonging to the regiments in Ireland, to join their reſpective corps by the 20th of next month.

JUNE 27.

At the cloſe of the poll for Sheriffs this day at three o'clock, the numbers ſtood as follow: For Mr. Oliver 1088—Mr. Lewis 872—Mr. Plumbe 611.

A correſpondent obſerves, that this year of our Lord is remarkable for two extraordinary deciſions; firſt for making illegitimacy in England with reſpect to the Valentia title, legitimacy in Ireland: And, in the ſlave caſe, making that no property in England, which is univerſally allowed to be property in America.

JUNE 29.

They write from the Hague, that a Ruſſian Nobleman, of great diſtinction is now there, negociating a loan for the ſervice of the Empreſs.

Laſt night there was a meeting of ſeveral of the Privy-Council at Lord North's, and it is ſaid that it was in conſequence of an expreſs which arrived yeſterday morning from a Northern Court.

A correſpondent confidently aſſerts, that the true motive for Lord Chatham's preſence being required at Court was to take his Lordſhip's opinion relative to the very hoſtile appearances of two Northern powers.

We are afreſh informed, that His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter will appear in a few days at the head of the army.

BOSTON, JULY 22.

WE hear that the 14th regiment, now at Caſtle-William, where they have been in dureſs for upwards of two years, will ſoon embark for the iſland of Barbadoes the place of rendezvous: It is ſaid that St. Croix is the object aimed at. *We are told* that a garriſon of *twenty* men will be left at the caſtle, and, conſidering the great additional ſtrength of that fortreſs (ſince the withdrawing the provincial troops) conſidering alſo the natural bravery of the *twenty* to be left there, and that they have erected a new and ſtout *Block-houſe* at the back part of the caſtle, we may reſt eaſy though the united fleets of France and Spain ſhould attack them. N. B. His Majeſty now pays for our defence with our money.

PROVIDENCE, Auguſt 2. At the Inferior Court of Common Pleas held laſt week at Eaſt-Greenwich, came on the trial of a cauſe, wherein Meſſrs. Jacob Greene, & Co. were plaintiffs, and Lieutenant Dudingſton, late commander of the armed Scooner Gaſpee was defendant. The action was brought for taking a ſmall boat, with a quantity of rum and ſugar, in Narraganſet Bay, and ſending the ſame to Boſton; which rum, &c. was tranſporting from Eaſt-Greenwich, in this colony, to Newport.—The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, with 295l. lawful money damages, and coſts of ſuit.—Lieutenant Dudingſton has appealed to the next Superior Court.

BOSTON, Auguſt 3. Laſt Saturday afternoon, Captain Binney arrived here in 16 days from St Martins, by whom we learn, That a fleet of 16 Spaniſh men of war, chiefly capital ſhips and a number of tranſports, lately paſſed by the Windward Iſlands bound to the Havanna, but that on the evening of the 6th of July laſt two of them, viz. a ſhip of 74 guns and another of 40, being ſeparated from them in a ſquall of wind, run aſhore at 12 o'clock the next night on the eaſt end of Anguilla, where they both ſoon after beat to pieces; but the crews, conſiſting of upwards of 700 men, all got ſafe aſhore, excepting 22 who were drowned:—They alſo ſaved what money they had on board, and a conſiderable quantity of very valuable goods, though as it was bluſtering weather, many articles of great value had drifted from them, which the wreckers from Curacoa and other places were very diligent in picking up and ſo plunder—It was not known upon what deſign this fleet was intended.——The inhabitants of Anguilla took great advantages of the Spaniards diſtreſs in making them pay exorbitant prices for the neceſſaries they ſupplied them with, but their miſfortune being ſoon known at the other iſlands, they had plenty of proviſions of all kinds immediately ſent them; and before Capt. Binney came away were about engaging veſſels to carry them, with the effects ſaved, to Porto Rico.

By a gentleman from Virginia, we learn, that a Brigantine bound in there from Holland was purſued by a Cutter, and ordered to bring to, but refuſed, a barge was manned, and they attempted to board her, but were beat off, upon which the Cutter fired upon her, the fire was returned with vigour, but the veſſel unluckily running on a bank was ſeized by the Cutter, who had four men killed, and the Brigantine two. She was afterwards condemned, but the people were permitted to go at liberty.

AUGUST 10. Wedneſday laſt came to town, John Izard and Alexander Wright, Eſqrs. with their ladies from Charles-Town, South-Carolina, by the way of Rhode Iſland.

Lieutenant Duddingſton, late commander of the Gaſpee armed Scooner, which was lately deſtroyed in Providence river, and himſelf much wounded in the groin, was removed on the 28th ult. by Captain Linzee from Brenton's Neck on board his ſhip, upon account of a report among the marines, who were aſhore to guard him, that the inhabitants of Newport intended to raiſe a mob and take him out of Mr. Brenton's houſe and murder him; and notwithſtanding Mr. Brenton told them there was not the leaſt danger, and would pledge himſelf and all he had for Mr. Duddingſton's ſafety; yet, to keep up the farcical fear, and to bring a further odium on Lord Hillſborough's *loyal colony* of Rhode-Iſland, they perſiſted in carrying him on board the Beaver.

SALEM, Auguſt 4. By the Captains Maſury and Lander, who arrived laſt week from Dominica, the latter of whom left it on the 4th of laſt month, we are informed, that a conſiderable number of troops, ſaid to be about five thouſand, had ſailed for St. Vincents, accompanied by a ſquadron of men of war commanded by Admiral Mann. This armament was deſigned to take and ſubdue the Charibbee Indians on that iſland, ſome thouſands of whom were ſaid to have thrown up a breaſt-work a few miles from the principal town, determined to defend themſelves, being ſupplied with arms and ammunition by the French at Martinico. Captain Lander heard, before he ſailed, of the arrival of the troops at St. Vincents; and that they were preparing with the utmoſt expedition, to make an attack upon the Indians, who were ſaid to be well diſciplined, and were provided with ſeveral field pieces. It was thought there would be a ſmart conteſt. Theſe Indians being encouraged and ſupported by the French, with whom they perſiſted in carrying on trade, in defiance of the Britiſh government, is the occaſion of this expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 5.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, May 8.

"The Rice Bill enacts, that from the paſſing this Act, any perſon may import into Great-Britain, from any colony in America, before May 1, 1773, any Rice, without the payment of any duty, and that for and upon all Rice, which ſhall be imported free of duty, and which ſhall be again exported, there ſhall be paid a ſubſidy of poundage, of 6d. in the pound, according to the value ſet upon Rice, in the book of rates, referred to by the Act of 12th CHARLES II. which 6d. in the pound ſhall be collected in the ſame manner as the poundage on any other goods."

New Advertiſements.

Francis & Thomas Guerin

CONTINUE THE

FACTORAGE BUSINESS,

And will be much obliged to thoſe who may pleaſe to employ them.

ANY Perſons having Demands againſt the Eſtate of WILLIAM CURTIS, late of Blackſtrith, deceaſed, are deſired to meet at the Houſe of *William Edwards*, on the *Bay*, on the 5th Day of *September* next, at 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to receive their Dividend of the ſame.

HEWET & LYNCH, *Adminiſtrators.*

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 27.

LAST Tuesday the Officers of His Majesty's Customs made a Seizure of a small coasting Scooner, driven ashore upon Cumming's-Island (now commonly called Morris's-Island) said to have on board 10 Hogsheads of Tobacco, 50 Tierces of Rice, 30 Barrels of naval Stores, and some other Goods, and to be bound to Pompon River, there to compleat a Cargo for New-Providence:—Which, should it appear to have been destined for some French Port, as is alledged, may bring the numerous coasting Scooners owned in this Province, under the Difficulties the late Collector Mr. Moore, and the Board of Commissioners at Boston, have long assiduously aimed at.

The same Day the Le Despencer Packet Boat, commanded by Capt. William Pond, sailed with the Mails for Falmouth.—— Elias Vanderhorst, Esq; and a Mr. Woolley of Jamaica, went Passengers in this Packet.

The same Day, the Honourable Daniel Blake, Esq; William Middleton, Esq; and Mr. Thomas Moultrie, embarked for London, in the Ship Friendship, Captain Cuming.

And Thomas Wiltshire, Esq; in the Sloop Betsy, Captain Todd, for Barbados.

The same Day, Mr. Marschalk, and many other Passengers, arrived in the Brigt Betty, Capt. Fowler, from New-York.

Last Saturday died, at Goose Creek, Henry Gray, Esq.

Lately died at Black-Mingo, Mr. James Fowler, late of this Town.

This Morning died, in Child bed, much lamented, Mrs. Margaret Edwards, the Wife of Mr. John Edwards, Merchant.

The Hon. Col. Richard Maitland, Deputy Adjutant-General of His Majesty's Troops in America, who was here last Winter, died at New-York the 13th ult.

In the Cape-Fear Mercury of the 29th past, we find the following Paragraph, viz. "Amongst the various Reports circulating about the Lady who passed thro' here a few Weeks "ago, a Correspondent has sent us the two following, which "he says are the most generally talked of. One is from the "South, where the Lady now is, and the other is from the "North, from whence the Lady came. The Southern Report "makes her no less a Personage than the Sister of our gracious "Queen Charlotte: The Northern one is more humiliating; "and says, she was made a Marchioness by some merry Gentlemen in this Province."

According to late Letters from North-Carolina, His Excellency Governor Martin, had been some Time at Hillsborough, on the South-west Frontier, endeavouring to restore Order in that Part of the Country—and had summoned a Council, as well as the Judges and Attorney-General, to meet him there on the 20th Instant, in Consequence of some Instructions lately received by him, relative to the outlawed Regulators.

We have the Pleasure to learn, that no other Damage has been sustained in the Country by the heavy Rains which have lately fallen, than in washing the Dye out of the Indico Leaf—The Crop of Rice and Corn is said to be in fine Order, and we have now fine, clear settled Weather.

Upwards of 4000 Bushels of Indian Corn having been imported last Week, that Grain is now sold at 17s. 6d. and 20s. per Bushel.——Of Rice, as little or none is to be had, 4l. 10s. per 100 lb. is only the nominal Price.

*** *CLIO's two Favours have been received, but are omitted for Want of Room.—Several new Advertisements, &c. are unavoidably left out on the same Account, but shall have good Places in our next.*

Timothy's Marine List.

August	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
21st.	Scooner Tobago Packet, Isaac Fordyce,	North-Carolina
	Scooner Polly, William Townsend,	North-Carolina
23d.	Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Munro,	Rhode Island
25th.	Snow Esther, Robert Dann,	Honduras
	Brigt. Betsy, George Fowler,	New-York
	Scooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Scooner Four Friends, Gilbert Harrison,	Grenada
	Sloop Susannah, William Airey,	North-Carolina
26th.	Scooner Patty, Charles Dawson,	Georgia
	Scooner [illegible]ah Dickinson,	Georgia
August	Sailed.	
22d.	Scooner [illegible], Nicholas Horton,	Georgia
	Sloop John [illegible] Cuyler,	Georgia
25th.	Ship Friendship, James Cuming,	London
	Snow LeDespencer (Packet), Wm. Pond,	Falmouth
	Sloop Betsey, Edward Todd,	Barbados
26th.	Snow Beggar's Benison, David Dunn,	Boston
	Brigt. Friendship, John Wooster,	Barbados
27th.	Sloop Polly, John Harris,	George-Town
	Scooner Comet (Packet) Capt. McDonough,	Jamaica
	Remain windbound or cleared,	*For*
	Ship St. Helena, George Arthur,	Bristol
	Snow Fly, Eaglesfield Griffith,	London
	Brigt. Humbird, Henry Zechorst,	Surenheim
	Scooner Polly, George Simkins,	Georgia

Near loaded, or may sail to depart this and our next.

	Ship Mary-James, Thomas Darling,	London
	Ship Liberty, John Lasley,	Falmouth
	Brigt. Clibborn, Willliam Coldstream,	Lisbon
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, Solomon Gibbs,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Liberty, John Beek,	St. Kitts
	Entered out besides the above,	*For*
	Ship Africa, William Wallace,	Africa
	Brigt. Friendship, William Thomson,	Jamaica
	Other Vessels in Port.	
	His Maj. Ship Mercury, Sir Tho. Rich, Com.	
	Ship Heart of Oak, Henry Gunn,	London
	Ship Beaufain, John Purchas,	London
	Ship Queen, John Harrison,	
	Ship Unity, Robert Norris,	
	Brigt. Cumberland, Charles Henry,	
	Scooner Two Brothers, Solomon Hicks,	
	Scooner Adventure, James Jefferys,	
	Arrivals from this Port.	
	Ship Tryal, Duncan Murray,	Cape-Fear
	Scooner George-Town, George Mitchell,	North Carolina
	Scooner Richard & Abigail, Peter Wade,	Cape-Fear
	Scooner Aurora, Charlton Brown,	Cape-Fear
	His Majesty's Sloop Tamar, Captain Hay,	Cape Fear
	His Majesty's Sloop Mentia, Captain Fotheringham,	Boston

New Advertisements.

About One Hundred and Twenty Tons
OF
HONDURAS LOGWOOD,
To be SOLD,
By EDWARD BLAKE.

EDWARD GUNTER
Has imported in the last Vessels from LONDON,
A large and complete ASSORTMENT
OF
DRUGS & MEDICINES,

KEYSER's, Lockyer's, Hooper's, and Anderson's PILLS; Squire's, Daffy's, Radcliffe's, and Fraunces's ELIXIRS; James's Fever Powder; Godfrey's Cordial; Bateman's Drops; British Oil; Stoughton's and Jackson's Bitters; Turlington's Balsam; Balsam of Honey; Elixir Bardana, for the Gout and Rheumatism; Golden and Plain Spirits of Scurvy Grass; Eau de Luce; Essence of Peppermint; Jesuits Drops; Beaume de Vie; Balm of Gilead; Ward's White Drops, for the Scurvy; Tincture of Sage; Head-Ach Drops, &c. all warranted GENUINE, from their original Warehouses.—Double distilled Rose, Lavender, Honey, and Hungary Waters; Cinamon, Citron, and Orange Cordial Waters; Phials, Gally Pots, Pill Boxes; Glass and Pewter Funnels; labelled Ointment Pots; Specie Bottles, with Brass Caps; ground stopped Bottles of all Sizes; Nipple Glasses; Glass Retorts, with Recipients; Glass Urinals; Glass, Marble, and Bell-Metal Mortars and Pestles; Scales and Weights; best London and common Lancets; Pocket Instruments; Arterial Needles; Spring Tooth Instruments; Pewter Glyster and Ivory Syringes; Glyster Pipes; Sheep Skins; Spatula's; Plaister Pans; Crucibles; three Gallon Tincture Bottles, labelled; and other Materials for Practitioners in Physic and Surgery.——A great Variety of PICKLES, such as Anchovies, Spanish and French Olives, Walnuts, Capers, Ketchup, and India Soye; white and brown Candy; Barley-Sugar; Liquorice; Canary and Flax-Seed; Wash-Balls; Cinamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, and All-spice; Pearl-Barley, India Salop, and Sago; Court-Plaister; cool Drawn, common Linseed, and best Florence Oil; Quincy's Dispensatories; Smelling Bottles; Vermillion; Prussian Blue; Tooth Brushes; Lawn Sieves; Copperas; Allum; Bristol, Pyrmont, and Spa Waters, &c. &c.—All which he will sell on very reasonable Terms, and proper Allowance will be made to Practitioners, and others who deal largely.

*** BOXES of MEDICINES, with Directions, for Plantations and Ships Use, prepared in the best Manner—and all Orders from the Country punctually and expeditiously complied with.

AITKINS & WESTON
Have just imported, by Captain GUNN, *from* LONDON,
A VARIETY of GOODS;
PARTICULARLY
A few genteel LOOKING-GLASSES,
AND A GOOD
ASSORTMENT of LINEN.
They have also just imported,
By the Captains LASLEY *and* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,
Negro Cloth, Duffil Blankets, and Sail-Cloth:
The Whole of which were bought from the Manufacturers with *Ready Money*, and therefore their Friends and Customers may depend on being supplied with those Articles on the very best Terms.

For RHODE-ISLAND,
THE SLOOP
CHARLES-TOWN,
DANIEL MUNRO, Master.
(Will sail in about 10 Days)
FOR Freight or Passage (having good Accommodations) apply to said Master on Board, or NATHANIEL RUSSELL.
CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 26th, 1772.

To be SOLD,
A neat CYPRESS CANOW,
Twenty-four by Four, staunch, and in good Order, fitted for four Oars, but is long enough for six;—she rows remarkably well, and will be sold a Bargain. Apply to JOHN CROSS, on Wragg's Wharf, or to TUNES TEBOUT.

To be SOLD, for no Fault,
A sober, orderly NEGRO WENCH,
With a young Child, and a good Breast of Milk:——She is about Twenty-two Years of Age, an exceeding good Cook, Washer, and Ironer, and has been used to all Kinds of House-Work.—Enquire at the Printing-Office, near the Exchange.

To be SOLD, at Auction,
On THURSDAY *the 10th of* SEPTEMBER *next, at the usual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,
A SCOONER,
That will carry 160 Barrels of Rice, and has had a new Bottom not long since.——The Purchaser may have what Credit he chuses, paying Interest, and giving approved Security. She may be seen any Time before the Day of Sale, by applying to
JOHN & CHARLES WARHAM.

GEORGE-TOWN GOAL, August 10th, 1772.

A New NEGRO FELLOW, about five Feet nine Inches high, well made, named *Huntsman*, is taken up and sent to this Goal; he cannot tell his Master's Name, has on a Check Shirt.
WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN, *Gealer.*

GEORGE-TOWN GOAL, August 27th, 1772.

A NEW NEGRO, about five Feet three Inches and an Half high, named *Tom*, is taken up and sent to this Goal; he says his Master's Name is *Rean*, has on a Check Shirt. WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN, *Gealer.*

WILLIAM WHITE, at LONG-CANES, informs me of a black GELDING, near 14 Hands high, seven Years old, and is Hip shod in the off Buttock, branded on the mounting Shoulder JR, with a Flower-de-Luce on Top, and some obscure Brand on the off Buttock; had on a small Bell, tied with a Strop of Leather;—a Trotter. Whoever claims the above Stray, must prove the Property, before
PATRICK CALHOUN, J.P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
CROWN OFFICE, JULY 25th, 1772.

WHEREAS the Justices of the Peace for the more remote Parts of this Province, do continue to commit *all* Prisoners to *Charles-Town Goal*, without having Respect to the *District* in which the Offence wherewith they are charged was *committed*, which renders it necessary to *remove* the said Offenders to their respective Districts, there to be tried agreeable to the Directions of the *Circuit-Court Act*, with Inconvenience to themselves, and at a great Expence to the Public:—To prevent which, It is hereby ORDERED That the several Coroners and Justices of the Peace for the said Province do, for the future, commit all Prisoners to the *Goal of the District* wherein the Offences wherewith they are charged were committed; and that they do take Recognizances for the Appearance of the several Parties and Witnesses, at the Times and Places mentioned in the said Act for the Courts to be held respectively, and transmit the same, together with the several Examinations, Depositions, and other Papers relative thereto, to the *Crown-Office* in *Charles-Town*, agreeable to the Rule made for that Purpose, on the 11th Day of May last, and then published in the several Gazettes of this Province, *except* such as may be taken in the *Country Districts*, within *one Month* of the Sitting of the Court for the District in which the Offence is to be tried, which they are hereby ORDERED, to return to the *Clerk of the Crown*, upon the Circuit, or his *Deputy*, at the Court-House of such *District*, on the Morning of the first Day of the Court, that there may be no Delay in the Business thereof.

By Order of their Honours the Judges,
JAMES JOHNSTON, C.C. & P.

On TUESDAY,
The First *Day of* SEPTEMBER *next,*
Will be SOLD, at public Vendue,
at the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,
A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land,
situate in Prince William's Parish, containing Five Hundred and Twelve Acres, adjoining Lands the Property of Thomas Bee.——On the said Plantation is a good House, and every other convenient Building:—Late the Property of WILLIAM DAVIS, and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, *late Pro. Mar.*

On TUESDAY *the 15th of* September *next, will be sold at public Vendue, at the usual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,
A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land
on the Wateree River, in Craven-County, containing 150 Acres, and bounded to the North-East by Wateree River; to the South-Eastward by Land laid out to Richard Singelton; and to the South-West and North-West by Land vacant at the Time of the original Grant (the 6th of November 1751):—Late the Property of PETER MERCIER, deceased, and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, *late Provost-Marshal.*

On TUESDAY *the 15th of* SEPTEMBER *next,*
Will be SOLD at public Vendue,
At the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,
A LEASE of Six Years and an Half,
from the 27th of *August*, 1772, of a small Brick Tenement in *Beresford's-Alley*, containing Three Rooms, with a Pantry and small Garden; subject to a Ground-Rent of Twenty Pounds per Annum.
SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

Fine old *Vidonia* and *London Particular*
MADERA WINE,
TO BE SOLD, by
George-Abbott Hall, & Co.

RUN AWAY
From the Subscriber, on the 24th Day of this Inst. August,
An Apprentice Lad, named *Peter Murrill*,
by Trade a Carpenter, about 17 Years of Age; had on when he went away a blue Coat, a coarse Check Shirt, and Osnabrugs Trowsers; he also carried with him some other Cloaths, tied up in a Sheet.—Whoever delivers him to me, or the Warden of the Work-House in Charles-Town, shall receive TEN DOLLARS Reward. WILLIAM PATERSON.

RUNAWAY
From the Subscriber, some Time in August, 1770,
A stout, able, young NEGRO WENCH,
named LUCY, about 20 Years of Age, Country born; had on when she went away a blue Negro Cloth Gown and Coat, and a Calico Jacket; formerly the Property of *Francis Oldfield*, of Ponpon:—She is supposed to be harboured by some of her Relations at the Borough. Whoever will apprehend, and deliver her to me, or the Warden of the Work-House, shall receive a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS; and if harboured by a white Person, ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, and FIFTY POUNDS if by a Negro, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender. If she returns Home she shall be forgiven.
(6 m.) MORDECAI MYERS.

BARROT TRAVIS, of the Branches of LITTLE and SALUDA RIVERS, informs me of a bright bay HORSE, near thirteen Hands high, with several Saddle-spots, branded on the mounting Shoulder TW.

CHARLES HARRIS, of a black HORSE, about 13 Hands high, came to his House, branded on the Shoulder TN, on the near Thigh 2, on the off Shoulder C AB, and on the off Thigh J.

MOSES PRESCOAT, of a small white MARE, branded on the near Shoulder with something resembling + H, and on the off Shoulder with a Brand that cannot be made out.

JAMES HOWARD, of the Branches of EDISTO, of a small Mouse-coloured black MARE, with a Blaze, and branded on the near Thigh NF in one.

JESS LOTT, of an old white HORSE, about fourteen Hands high, came to his House, branded on the mounting Shoulder IA. LIKEWISE,

MARK LOTT, of a bright bay HORSE, about thirteen Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder H.——The Owners of the above-mentioned Strays, must prove their Property, within the Time prescribed by Law, before
JOHN FAIRCHILD, J.P.

LONDON, JUNE 3.

WE hear from Rome, that the very Day on which his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter departed from thence, the Chevalier Charles Stuart made his public entry into that City. By our laſteſt advices received from the continent, we are enabled to give a farther and authentic account of that public entry; for our letters, which are dated the 11th of May, remark, that this Prince of the houſe of Stuart arrived at Rome with his new-married conſort, in a moſt elegant ſtate coach drawn by ſix horſes, with ſix poſtillions, their liveries ſcarlet and gold, the ſame as the Kings of England always give. This brilliant equipage was preceded by two horſemen, dreſſed as couriers, who ſwept the ſtreets, continually crying, as they rapidly paſſed along, "*Make room for the King and Queen!—Long live the King and Queen.*"—And, as the populace were privately given to underſtand, that it was the Pope's good will and pleaſure, that the Chevalier ſhould make this public entry in the manner he did, they one and all ſaluted him with "*God ſave the King and Queen!—Long live the King and Queen.*" Nor were the populace the only claſs of Romans who thus demonſtrated their unfeigned joy on this happy occaſion; for the Nobility of all ranks went in crowds to ſalute and welcome their [*meek*] Majeſties on their arrival; and even the Cardinals themſelves went in their formalities to compliment the new-married and illuſtrious couple. What is particularly remarkable, the Chevalier and his conſort, by way of *Royal* etiquette, actually received the the Cardinals *ſitting*.—On this *ſolemn* occaſion, Cardinal York made a magnificent preſent to the Queen his ſiſter-in-law.

Advices are received from Peterſburgh, that the Ruſſian miſſionaries in the government of Capan and Arenbourg have baptiſed upwards of 5000 Mahometans and Idolaters, whom they had converted to the Greek religion ſince the beginning of March 1771.

It is reported, when the club of Maccaronies, juſt inſtituted at the Star and Garter, Pall-Mall, applied to the college of Heralds for a ſet of arms to be made out for them, they received for anſwer, that inſtead of arms they had better apply for heads.

On the 24th day of April laſt, the noted horſe Pincher run at Newmarket for 1000 guineas, and was beat by Mr. C. Blake's colt Florizel, got by Herod, a famous horſe which belonged to the late Duke of Cumberland. They run over the Beacon courſe—Pincher was ſix years old, got by Shakeſpear, and carried 8 ſt. 7 lb.—Florizel was only three years old, and carried 7 ſt. —Even betting at ſtarting.

On the 14th of May, Pincher, then aged, carring 8 ſt. 4 lb. was beat by Mr. Fox's Tantaloon, got by Matchem, five years old, and carried 8 ſt. over the Beacon courſe, for 1000 guineas. —At ſtarting, ſix and ſeven to four on Pincher.

Mr. Foley's Pyrrhus and Trentham were to ſtart, ſome Time laſt month, againſt Mr. Ogilvy's Pincher, each to carry 8 ſt. 7 lb. Mr. Foley betting Mr. Ogilvy 2500 guineas to 2000, that both Pyrrhus and Trentham beat Pincher. Pyrrhus is five years old, and Trentham won the Jockey-club plate on the 14th of May, carrying 8 ſt. 7 lb. beating ſix others of high form. [*We have not yet learnt who won the above match.*]

JUNE 5.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, May 20.

"The affairs of the Confederates are at preſent in a moſt critical ſituation, and every day ſome of their members deſert them. Marſhal Zeremba, one of their principal chiefs ſurrendered with all his corps, conſiſting of 2000 men, to the Ruſſian Colonels Lapuchin and Drewitz. The following were the conditions granted them. Mr. Zaremba and his General officers, after engaging upon oath not to be any more concerned in any confederacy, are to come and reſide here. The other officers, who are gentlemen, are permitted to ſtay in the country, giving ſecurity for their peaceable behaviour. The Poliſh ſoldiers are to be incorporated in the body of the King's Uhlans, and the huſſars or other foreigners are to go into the ſervice of Ruſſia. Prince Auguſtus de Sulkowſki is likewiſe determined to quit the Confederacy; and it is generally thought that his example will be followed by that of ſeveral other chiefs of the Confederates.

"The cuſtom-houſe which the Ruſſians had eſtabliſhed at Marienwerder is aboliſhed; ſo that the trade of Dantzick reſumes its former vigour."

They write from the Hague, that his Pruſſian Majeſty, at the head of ten thouſand troops, entered the city of Warſaw, in Poland, on the ſecond of May laſt, and that an interview was immediately had between his Majeſty and the King of Poland.

Advice is received from Hanover, that ſome diſagreeable altercations happened among the officers on the late military arrangement there, but the ſtorm has blown over without any diſagreeable circumſtances. The report of his Britannic Majeſty's viſit to that electorate, is again revived.

We hear that the court of Portugal has ſome thoughts of raiſing the value of their gold coin.

On Monday laſt a new yacht belonging to the Lords of the Admiralty was launched at Deptford: This launch was attended with ſome extraordinary circumſtances; the veſſel being completely fitted for ſea when ſhe went off the ſlips, during which motion her ſwivel guns were fired on board; an inſtance not known before.

PARIS, May 18. A certain mighty power of Europe has ſent word to the confederates of Poland, that if they would agree to have a King upon the throne, according to his pleaſure, meaning the Chevalier Charles Stuart, now King of Corſica, he would aſſiſt them to the full extent of his power and influence. A nobleman went through a certain city of France, in his way to London, the 8th of this month, when he carried the intelligence, that the Pretender will very ſoon be proclaimed King of Corſica.

LONDON, JUNE 8.

Their being no diſagreement in the ſenſe of the two Houſes, upon the eſſential parts of the corn bill, nor upon the plan of the whole, it is now underſtood, by all the parties concerned, that it will paſs the two Houſes before the twentieth day of next ſeſſions. And Governor Pownall has given notice, that he will move for leave to bring it in on the next ſitting of Parliament.

Private letters from Paris ſay, that a formal reconciliation between the King and the Princes of the Blood, is expected to take place in the Whitſun-week.

Thoſe letters add, that Madam Barre's diſgrace, and Choiſeul's recall, are the expected conſequences of this event.

JUNE 24.

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Liſbon, to his correſpondent in this city, dated June 12.

"Great preparations are making here in and all the ſea ports in this kingdom, in getting ſhips ready for ſea, which makes us imagine we are juſt on the eve of a war, and it is ſtrongly reported here that Spain will break with France for encouraging, contrary to treaty, the order of Jeſuits to remain in that kingdom; if it ſhould turn out ſo, Portugal muſt aſſiſt Spain; this the French merchants here are apprehenſive of; and therefore ſome of them who have got large fortunes (the balance of trade having been thrown into their hands) are preparing to return to France. The Engliſh merchants begin to flouriſh again, and are better treated now than they have been for many years."

Since the arrival here of Sir Robert-Murray Keith, from Denmark, it is reported at the Weſt end of the town, that the Daniſh Monarch repents his giving countenance to the proceedings againſt his amiable conſort and the unfortunate Counts Struenſee and Brandt.

It is reported an Iriſh Peerage is deſtined for Sir Robert Keith as a reward for his recent conduct at the Daniſh court.

ALGIERS, May 30. The Daniſh Admiral Hoogland arrived here on the 7th inſt. with the fleet under his command, and on the 16th he ſaluted the town with 21 guns, which were returned by an equal number, as a ſignal that a treaty of peace has been agreed upon between his Daniſh Majeſty and this Regency; and all hoſtilities are ceaſed.

WARSAW, June 3. The Miniſtry have publiſhed the letter from Peterſburgh, which aſſures us that the truce between the Porte and Ruſſia is concluded upon. The courts of Vienna and Berlin are doing all in their power to eſtabliſh peace. The Court has ſent a note to all the foreign miniſters containing the declaration of Mr. Dombart, Preſident of the Chamber, to Mr. Panlitz, Counſellor to the King at Marienbourg, concerning the taking poſſeſſion of Poliſh Pruſſia by the troops of his Pruſſian Majeſty. The Eagles of Pruſſia are already placed on the borders of Ermeland, and in part of Great Poland. The Marſhal of the Crown received an expreſs yeſterday, with advice that the Auſtrian troops had entered the diſtrict of Bizeremiſtich. It is ſtrongly reported that a certain Court is labouring underhand to retard the negotiations of peace between Ruſſia and the Porte, in order to obtain its ends thereby, which time will diſcloſe. Our politicians are all at a loſs to find out why the Ruſſians ſtrengthen their force in Poland, whilſt the Confederates are daily growing leſs. The Ruſſians have 60,000 men under General Bibikow, and ſome regiments are arrived from Prince Dolgorucki's army.

VIENNA, June 10. The recruiting parties begin to appear in the ſtreets of this city, attended with different inſtruments of muſic, and enliſt men for the cavalry, which is a ceremony that has not been practiſed for many years.

Some publications have made their appearance here, ſetting forth the right the Houſe of Auſtria has to ſeveral provinces in Poland, but they are very ſcarce, and difficult to come at.

COPENHAGEN, June 13. The fate of Lieut. Gen. Gahler, Col. Falkenſhiold, and the Counſellor of Juſtice Struenſee, is at laſt decided. The firſt has been enlarged with a penſion of 500 rixdollars, on condition that he retires to his Majeſty's German dominions with his lady, who is alſo allowed a penſion of 500 rixdollars. The ſecond is condemned to be immured for life, and the laſt has obtained liberty to return to Lignitz, where the King of Pruſſia has invited him to fill a profeſſor's chair.

HAMBURGH, June 19. We received yeſterday the melancholy news, that a fire has lately conſumed at Oëſtiga, near Archangel, 519 houſes, and a great number of magazines, in which were 1000 laſts of rye, and great quantities of hemp.

LONDON, JUNE 25.

Yeſterday came on at Guildhall the election for Sheriffs for the city and county of Middleſex for the year enſuing. All the Aldermen who had not ſerved the office, and who were below the chair, were put up in order; after which Watkin Lewes, Eſq; was put up; and the ſhew of hands appearing for Mr. Alderman Oliver and Watkin Lewes, Eſq; they were returned; but a poll was demanded for Alderman Plumbe. The poll began at four o'clock in the afternoon, and cloſed at ſix, when the numbers were: For Mr. Oliver, 162; Mr. Lewes, 157; and Mr. Plumbe, 41.

Lord Harcourt goes as Viceroy of Ireland, but the terms are *not as yet finally aſcertained*. His Lordſhip wants a little more *elbow room* than his predeceſſor, but the voice of the Cabinet is, "You muſt do as Lord Townſhend did, and for particulars we refer you to Sir George Macartney, who is perfectly well acquainted with that kingdom."

Tueſday afternoon, about four o'clock, an extraordinary meſſenger arrived at the Spaniſh Ambaſſador's houſe in Great-Ormond-ſtreet, from Madrid.

Extract of a letter from Hanover, June 15.

"The Queen Carolina Matilda not approving of her reſidence at Goerde, and having ſimilar reaſons for not reſiding at Zell, a houſe in the capital of this electorate, called by the name of the Duke's Houſe, is fitting up for the reception of her Majeſty, where ſhe is now expected every day, and in which ſhe intends to reſide till ſome favourable opportunity may recall her to Copenhagen.

"The King of Pruſſia having publicly notified that Poliſh Pruſſia hath been ceded to him, hath dignified that branch of the diſmembered kingdom of Poland by the name of New-Pruſſia, and fixed the town of Marienweder as the capital of thoſe new acquired dominions."

Sunday laſt died at Newnham, in Glouceſterſhire, Mrs. Keith, aged 133, who retained her ſenſes till within a fortnight before her death: She has left 6000l. to her three daughters, the youngeſt of whom is 109 years of age; ſhe has likewiſe left behind her about 70 grand-children and great-grand-children.

JUNE 26.

Advices ſaid to be received from Denmark aſſert, that on Saturday, June the 6th, towards the evening, the whole Marine corps in garriſon at Copenhagen appeared in an uproar, and they knew the King was to return that evening from Charlottenland, they marched out of Copenhagen at the Eaſtern gate in one regular body to meet him, where they preſented a remonſtrance, inſiſting upon immediate redreſs. The King at firſt expreſſed viſible marks of fear, but attempting to ſpeak in an authoritative ſtile, the Marine corps peremptorily inſiſted upon an immediate redreſs; to which at laſt the King thrice replied, that their grievances ſhould be inſtantly redreſſed. Notwithſtanding this declaration of the King, it was with the utmoſt difficulty that they were appeaſed, and that his Majeſty eſcaped with his life.

Some change in the Miniſtry is ſaid to be on the carpet, and if it takes place, the Duke of Northumberland will occupy an important poſt.

This Morning a French Nobleman, ſaid to be the Duke de Nivernois, ſet out from the French Ambaſſador's, in Great George-ſtreet for Dover, to embark for France.

A correſpondent ſays that ſix expreſſes have been ſent off to Stockholm within this fortnight.

Orders have been iſſued for all the officers belonging to the regiments in Ireland, to join their reſpective corps by the 20th of next month.

JUNE 27.

At the cloſe of the poll for Sheriffs this day at three o'clock, the numbers ſtood as follow: For Mr. Oliver 1088—Mr. Lewis 878—Mr. Plumbe 611.

A correſpondent obſerves, that this year of our Lord is remarkable for two extraordinary deciſions; firſt for making illegitimacy in England with reſpect to the Valentia title, legitimacy in Ireland: And, in the ſame caſe, making that no property in England, which is univerſally allowed to be property in America.

JUNE 29.

They write from the Hague, that a Ruſſian Nobleman, of great diſtinction is now there, negociating a loan for the ſervice of the Empreſs.

Laſt night there was a meeting of ſeveral of the Privy-Council at Lord North's, and it is ſaid that it was in conſequence of an expreſs which arrived yeſterday morning from a Northern Court.

A correſpondent confidently aſſerts, that the true motive for Lord Chatham's preſence being required at Court was to take his Lordſhip's opinion relative to the very hoſtile appearances of two Northern powers.

We are aſreſh informed, that His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter will appear in a few days at the head of the army.

BOSTON, JULY 22.

WE hear that the 14th regiment, now at Caſtle-William, where they have been in dureſs for upwards of two years, will ſoon embark for the iſland of Barbadoes the place of rendezvous: It is ſaid that St. Croix is the object aimed at. *We are told* that a garriſon of *twenty* men will be left at the caſtle, and, conſidering the great additional ſtrength of that fortreſs (ſince the withdrawing the provincial troops) conſidering alſo the natural bravery of the *twenty* to be left there, and that they have erected a new and ſtout *block-houſe* at the back part of the caſtle, we may reſt eaſy though the united fleets of France and Spain ſhould attack them. N. B. His Majeſty now pays for our defence with our money.

PROVIDENCE, Auguſt 1. At the Inferior Court of Common Pleas held laſt week at Eaſt-Greenwich, came on the trial of a cauſe, wherein Meſſrs. Jacob Greene, & Co. were plaintiffs, and Lieutenant Dudingſton, late commander of the armed Scooner Gaſpee, was defendant. The action was brought for taking a ſmall boat, with a quantity of rum and ſugar, in Narraganſet Bay, and ſending the ſame to Boſton; which rum, &c. was tranſporting from Eaſt-Greenwich, in this colony, to Newport.—The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, with 2951. lawful money damages, and coſts of ſuit.—Lieutenant Dudingſton has appealed to the next Superior Court.

BOSTON, Auguſt 3. Laſt Saturday afternoon, Captain Binney arrived here in 16 days from St Martins, by whom we learn, That a fleet of 16 Spaniſh men of war, chiefly capital ſhips and a number of tranſports, lately paſſed by the Windward Iſlands bound to the Havanna, but that on the evening of the 6th of July laſt two of them, viz. a ſhip of 74 guns and another of 40, being ſeparated from them in a ſquall of wind, came ashore at 12 o'clock the next night on the eaſt end of Anguilla, where they both ſoon after beat to pieces; but the crews, conſiſting of upwards of 700 men, all got ſafe aſhore, excepting 22 who were drowned:—They alſo ſaved ſome money they had on board, and a conſiderable quantity of very valuable goods, though as it was bluſtering weather, many articles of great value had drifted from them, which the wreckers from Curacoa and other places were very diligent in picking up for the plunder.—It was not known upon what deſign this fleet was intended.——The inhabitants of Anguilla took great advantages of the Spaniards diſtreſs in making them pay exorbitant prices for the neceſſaries they ſupplied them with. but their diſtreſſed being ſoon known at the other iſlands, they had plenty of proviſions of all kinds immediately ſent them; and before Capt. Binney came away were about engaging veſſels to carry them, with the effects ſaved, to Porto Rico.

By a gentleman from Virginia, we learn, that a Brigantine bound in there from Holland was purſued by a Cutter, and ordered to bring to, but refuſed, a barge was manned, and they attempted to board her, but were beat off, upon which the Cutter fired upon her, the fire was returned with vigour, but the veſſel unluckily running on a bank was ſeized by the Cutter, who had four men killed, and the Brigantine two. She was afterwards condemned, but the people were permitted to go at liberty.

AUGUST 10. Wedneſday laſt came to town, John Izard and Alexander Wright, Eſqrs. with their ladies from Charles-Town, South-Carolina, by the way of Rhode Iſland.

Lieutenant Duddingſton, late commander of the Gaſpee armed Scooner, which was lately deſtroyed in Providence river, and himſelf much wounded in the groin, was removed on the 28th ult. by Captain Linzee from Brenton's Neck on board his ſhip, upon account of a report among the marines, who were aſhore to guard him, that the inhabitants of Newport intended to raiſe a mob and take him out of Mr. Brenton's houſe and murder him; and notwithſtanding Mr. Brenton told them there was not the leaſt danger, and would pledge himſelf and all he had for Mr. Duddingſton's ſafety; yet, to keep up the farcical fear, and to bring a further odium on Lord Hillſborough's *loyal colony* of Rhode-Iſland, they perſiſted in carrying him on board the Beaver.

SALEM, Auguſt 4. By the Captains Maſury and Lander, who arrived laſt week from Dominica, the latter of whom left it on the 4th of laſt month, we are informed, that a conſiderable number of troops, ſaid to be about five thouſand, had ſailed for St. Vincents, accompanied by a ſquadron of men of war commanded by Admiral Mann. This armament was deſigned to take and ſubdue the Charibbee Indians on that iſland, ſome thouſands of whom were ſaid to have thrown up a breaſt-work a few miles from the principal town, determined to defend themſelves, being ſupplied with arms and ammunition by the French at Martinico. Captain Lander heard, before he ſailed, of the arrival of the troops at St. Vincents; and that they were preparing with the utmoſt expedition, to make an attack upon the Indians, who were ſaid to be well diſciplined, and were provided with ſeveral field pieces. It was thought there would be a ſmart conteſt. Theſe Indians being encouraged and ſupported by the French, with whom they perſiſted in carrying on trade, in defiance of the Britiſh government, is the occaſion of this expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 5.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, May 8.

"The Rice Bill enacts, that from the paſſing this Act, any perſon may import into Great-Britain, from any colony in America, before May 1, 1773, any Rice, without the payment of any duty, and that for and upon all Rice, which ſhall be imported free of duty, and which ſhall be again exported, there ſhall be paid a ſubſidy of poundage, of 6d. in the pound, according to the value ſet upon Rice, in the book of rates, referred to by the Act of 12th CHARLES II. which 6d. in the pound ſhall be collected in the ſame manner as the poundage on any other goods."

New Advertiſements.

Francis & Thomas Guerin

CONTINUE THE

FACTORAGE BUSINESS,

And will be much obliged to thoſe who may pleaſe to employ them.

ANY Perſons having Demands againſt the Eſtate of WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM Blackſmith, deceaſed, are deſired to meet at the Houſe of *William Edwards*, on the *Bay*, on the 5th Day of *September* next, at 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to receive their Dividend of the ſame.

HEWET & LYNCH, *Adminiſtrators.*

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 27.

LAST Tuesday the Officers of His Majesty's Customs made a Seizure of a small coasting Scooner, driven ashore upon Cumming's-Island (now commonly called Morris's-Island) said to have on board 10 Hogsheads of Tobacco, 50 Tierces of Rice, 30 Barrels of naval Stores, and some other Goods, and to be bound to Ponpon River, there to compleat a Cargo for New-Providence:—Which, should it appear to have been destined for some French Port, as is alledged, may bring the numerous coasting Scooners owned in this Province, under the Difficulties the late Collector Mr. Moore, and the Board of Commissioners at Boston, have long assiduously aimed at.

The same Day the Le Despencer Packet-Boat, commanded by Capt. William Pond, sailed with the Mails for Falmouth.—— Elias Vanderhorst, Esq; and a Mr. Woollery of Jamaica, went Passengers in this Packet.

The same Day, the Honourable Daniel Blake, Esq; William Middleton, Esq; and Mr. Thomas Moultrie, embarked for London, in the Ship Friendship, Captain Cuming.

And Thomas Wiltshire, Esq; in the Sloop Betsy, Captain Todd, for Barbados.

The same Day, Mr. Marschalk, and many other Passengers, arrived in the Brigt Betty, Capt. Fowler, from New-York.

Last Saturday died, at Goose Creek, Henry Gray, Esq.

Lately died at Black-Mingo, Mr. James Fowler, late of this Town.

This Morning died, in Child bed, much lamented, Mrs. Margaret Edwards, the Wife of Mr. John Edwards, Merchant.

The Hon. Col. Richard Maitland, Deputy Adjutant-General of His Majesty's Troops in America, who was here last Winter, died at New-York the 13th ult.

In the Cape-Fear Mercury of the 29th past, we find the following Paragraph, viz. "Amongst the various Reports circulating about the Lady who passed thro' here a few Weeks "ago, a Correspondent has sent us the two following, which "he says are the most generally talked of. One is from the "South, where the Lady now is, and the other is from the "North, from whence the Lady came. The Southern Report "makes her no less a Personage than the Sister of our gracious "Queen Charlotte: The Northern one is more humiliating, "and says, she was made a Marchioness by some merry Gentlemen in this Province."

According to late Letters from North-Carolina, His Excellency Governor Martin, had been some Time at Hillsborough, on the South-west Frontier, endeavouring to restore Order in that Part of the Country—and had summoned a Council, as well as the Judges and Attorney-General, to meet him there on the 20th Instant, in Consequence of some Instructions lately received by him, relative to the outlawed Regulators.

We have the Pleasure to learn, that no other Damage has been sustained in the Country by the heavy Rains which have lately fallen, than in washing the Dye out of the Indico Leaf—The Crop of Rice and Corn is said to be in fine Order, and we have now fine, clear settled Weather.

Upwards of 4000 Bushels of Indian Corn having been imported last Week, that Grain is now sold at 17 s. 6 d. and 20 s. per Bushel.——Of Rice, as little or none is to be had, 4 l. 10 s. per 100 lb. is only the nominal Price.

*** *Clio's two Favours have been received, but are omitted for Want of Room.—Several new Advertisements, &c. are unavoidably left out on the same Account, but shall have good Places in our next.*

Timothy's Marine List.

August	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
21st.	Scooner Tobago Packet, Isaac Fordyce,	North-Carolina
	Scooner Polly, William Townsend,	North-Carolina
23d.	Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Munro,	Rhode Island
25th.	Snow Esther, Robert Dann,	Honduras
	Brigt. Betsy, George Fowler,	New-York
	Scooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Scooner Four Friends, Gilbert Harrison,	Grenada
	Sloop Susannah, William Almy,	North-Carolina
26th.	Scooner Patty, Charles Dawson,	Georgia
	Scooner [illegible]ah Dickinson,	Georgia
August	Sailed.	
22d.	Scooner [illegible], Nicholas Horton,	Georgia
	Sloop John [illegible] Cuyler,	Georgia
25th.	Ship Friendship, James Cuming,	London
	Snow LeDespencer (Packet), C. William Pond,	Falmouth
	Sloop Betsey, Edward Todd,	Barbados
26th.	Snow Beggar's Benison, David Dunn,	Boston
	Brigt. Friendship, John Wooster,	Barbados
27th.	Sloop Polly, John Harris,	George-Town
	Scooner Comet (Packet) Capt. McDonough,	Jamaica
	Remain windbound or cleared,	*For*
	Ship St. Helena, George Arthur,	Bristol
	Snow Fly, Eaglesfield Griffith,	London
	Brigt. Humbird, Henry Zechorst,	Surenheim
	Scooner Polly, George Sinkins,	Georgia

Near loaded, or may sail before this and our next.

	Ship Mary-James, Thomas Darling,	London
	Ship Liberty, John Lasley,	Falmouth
	Brigt. Clibborn, William Coldstream,	Lisbon
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, Solomon Gibbs,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Liberty, John Beek,	St. Kitts
	Entered out besides the above,	*For*
	Ship Africa, William Wallace,	Africa
	Brigt. Friendship, William Thomson,	Jamaica
	Other Vessels in Port.	
	His Maj. Ship Mercury, Sir Tho Rich, Com.	
	Ship Heart of Oak, Henry Gunn,	London
	Ship Beaufain, John Purchas,	London
	Ship Queen, John Harrison,	
	Ship Unity, Robert Norris,	
	Brigt. Cumberland, Charles Henry,	
	Scooner Two Brothers, Solomon Hicks,	
	Scooner Adventure, James Jefferys,	
	Arrivals from this Port.	
	Ship Tryal, Duncan Murray,	Cape-Fear
	Scooner George-Town, George Mitchell,	North Carolina
	Scooner Richard & Abigail, Peter Wade,	Cape-Fear
	Scooner Aurora, Clayton Brown,	Cape-Fear
	His Majesty's Sloop Tamar, Captain Hay,	Cape Fear
	His Majesty's Sloop Merlin, Captain Fotheringham,	Boston

New Advertisements.

About One Hundred and Twenty Tons
OF
HONDURAS LOGWOOD,
To be SOLD,
By EDWARD BLAKE.

EDWARD GUNTER
Has imported in the last Vessels from LONDON,
A large and complete ASSORTMENT
OF
DRUGS & MEDICINES,

KEYSER's, Lockyer's, Hooper's, and Anderson's PILLS; Squire's, Daffy's, Radcliffe's, and Saunders's ELIXIRS; James's Fever Powder; Godfrey's Cordial; Bateman's Drops; British Oil; Stoughton's and Jackson's Bitters; Turlington's Balsam; Balsam of Honey; Elixir Bardana, for the Gout and Rheumatism; Golden and Plain Spirits of Scurvy Grass; Eau de Luce; Essence of Peppermint; Jesuits Drops; Beaume de Vie; Balm of Gilead; Ward's White Drops, for the Scurvy; Tincture of Sage; Head-Ach Drops, &c. all warranted GENUINE, from their original Warehouses.—Double distilled Rose, Lavender, Honey, and Hungary Waters; Cinamon, Citron, and Orange Cordial Waters; Phials, Gally Pots, Pill Boxes; Glass and Pewter Funnels; labelled Ointment Pots; Specie Bottles, with Brass Caps; ground stopped Bottles of all Sizes; Nipple Glasses; Glass Retorts, with Recipients; Glass Urinals; Glass, Marble, and Bell-Metal Mortars and Pestles; Scales and Weights; best London and common Lancets; Pocket Instruments; Arterial Needles; Spring Tooth Instruments; Pewter Glyster and Ivory Syringes; Glyster Pipes; Sheep Skins; Spatula's; Plaister Pans; Crucibles; three Gallon Tincture Bottles, labelled; and other Materials for Practitioners in Physic and Surgery.——A great Variety of PICKLES, such as Anchovies, Spanish and French Olives, Walnuts, Capers, Ketchup, and India Soye; white and brown Candy; Barley-Sugar; Liquorice; Canary and Flax-Seed; Wash-Balls; Cinamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, and All-spice; Pearl-Barley, India Salop, and Sago; Court-Plaister; cool Drawn, common Linseed, and best Florence Oil; Quincy's Dispensatories; Smelling Bottles; Vermillion; Prussian Blue; Tooth Brushes; Lawn Sieves; Copperas; Allum; Bristol, Pyrmont, and Spa Waters, &c. &c.—All which he will sell on very reasonable Terms, and proper Allowance will be made to Practitioners, and others who deal largely.

*** BOXES of MEDICINES, with Directions, for Plantations and Ships Use, prepared in the best Manner—and all Orders from the Country punctually and expeditiously complied with.

AIKINS & WESTON
Have just imported, by Captain GUNN, *from* LONDON,
A VARIETY of GOODS;
PARTICULARLY
A few genteel LOOKING-GLASSES,
AND A GOOD
ASSORTMENT of LINEN.

They have also just imported,
By the Captains LASLEY *and* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,
Negro Cloth, Duffil Blankets, and Sail Cloth:
The Whole of which were bought from the Manufacturers with *Ready Money*, and therefore their Friends and Customers may depend on being supplied with those Articles on the very best Terms.

For RHODE-ISLAND,
THE SLOOP
CHARLES-TOWN,
DANIEL MUNRO, Master.
(Will sail in about 10 Days)
FOR Freight or Passage (having good Accommodations) apply to said Master on Board, or NATHANIEL RUSSELL.
CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 26th, 1772.

To be SOLD,
A neat CYPRESS CANOW,
Twenty-four by Four, Raunch, and in good Order, fitted for four Oars, but is long enough for six;—she rows remarkably well, and will be sold a Bargain. Apply to JOHN CROSS, on Wragg's Wharf, or to TUNES TEBOUT.

To be SOLD, for no Fault,
A sober, orderly NEGRO WENCH,
With a young Child, and a good Breast of Milk:——She is about Twenty-two Years of Age, an exceeding good Cook, Washer, and Ironer, and has been used to all Kinds of House-Work.—Enquire at the Printing-Office, near the Exchange.

To be SOLD, at Auction,
On THURSDAY *the 10th of* SEPTEMBER *next, at the usual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,
A SCOONER,
That will carry 160 Barrels of Rice, and has had a new Bottom not long since.——The Purchaser may have what Credit he chuses, paying Interest, and giving approved Security. She may be seen any Time before the Day of Sale, by applying to
JOHN & CHARLES WARHAM.

GEORGE-TOWN GOAL, August 10th, 1772.

A New NEGRO FELLOW, about five Feet nine Inches high, well made, named *Huntsman*, is taken up and sent to this Goal; he cannot tell his Master's Name, has on a Check Shirt.
WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN, *Goaler.*

GEORGE-TOWN GOAL, August 17th, 1772.

A NEW NEGRO, about five Feet three Inches and an Half high, named *Tom*, is taken up and sent to this Goal; he says his Master's Name is *Roan*, has on a Check Shirt. WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN, *Goaler.*

WILLIAM WHITE, at LONG-CANES, informs me of a black GELDING, near 14 Hands high, seven Years old, and is Hip shod in the off Buttock, branded on the mounting Shoulder JR, with a Flower-de-Luce on Top, and some obscure Brand on the off Buttock; had on a small Bell, tied with a Strop of Leather;—a Trotter. Whoever claims the above Stray, must prove the Property, before
PATRICK CALHOUN, J. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
CROWN OFFICE, JULY 25th, 1772.

WHEREAS the Justices of the Peace for the more remote Parts of this Province, do continue to commit *all* Prisoners to *Charles-Town Goal*, without having Respect to the *District* in which the Offence wherewith they are charged was *committed*, which renders it necessary to *remove* the said Offenders to their respective Districts, there to be tried agreeable to the Directions of the *Circuit-Court Act*, with Inconvenience to themselves, and at a great Expence to the Public:—To prevent which, It is hereby Ordered, That the several Coroners and Justices of the Peace for the said Province do, for the future, commit all Prisoners to the *Goal of the District* wherein the Offences wherewith they are charged were committed; and that they do take Recognizances for the Appearance of the several Parties and Witnesses, at the Times and Places mentioned in the said Act for the Courts to be held respectively, and transmit the same, together with the several Examinations, Depositions, and other Papers relative thereto, to the *Crown-Office* in *Charles-Town*, agreeable to the Rule made for that Purpose, on the 11th Day of May last, and then published in the several Gazettes of this Province, *except* such as may be taken in the *Country Districts*, within *one Month* of the Sitting of the Court for the District in which the Offence is to be tried, which they are hereby Ordered, to return to the *Clerk of the Crown*, upon the Circuit, or his *Deputy*, at the Court-House of such *District*, on the Morning of the first Day of the Court, that there may be no Delay in the Business thereof.

By Order of their Honours the Judges,
JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. & P.

On TUESDAY,
The First *Day of* SEPTEMBER *next,*
Will be SOLD, at public Vendue,
at the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,
A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land,
situate in Prince William's Parish, containing Five Hundred and Twelve Acres, adjoining Lands the Property of Thomas Bee.——On the said Plantation is a good House, and every other convenient Building:—Late the Property of WILLIAM DAVIS, and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, *late Pro. Mar.*

On TUESDAY *the 15th of* September *next, will be sold at public Vendue, at the usual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,
A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land
on the Wateree River, in Craven-County, containing 150 Acres, and bounded to the North-East by Wateree River; to the South-Eastward by Land laid out to Richard Singelton; and to the South-West and North-West by Land vacant at the Time of the original Grant (the 6th of November 1731):—Late the Property of PETER MARCIER, deceased, and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, *late Provost-Marshal.*

On TUESDAY *the 15th of* SEPTEMBER *next,*
Will be SOLD at public Vendue,
At the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,
A LEASE of Six Years and an Half,
from the 27th of *August*, 1772, of a small Brick Tenement in *Beresford's-Alley*, containing Three Rooms, with a Pantry and small Garden; subject to a Ground-Rent of Twenty Pounds per Annum.
SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

Fine old *Vidonia* and *London Particular*
MADERA WINE,
TO BE SOLD, by
George-Abbott Hall, & Co.

RUN AWAY
From the Subscriber, on the 24th Day of this Inst. August,
An Apprentice Lad, named *Peter Murrill*,
by Trade a Carpenter, about 17 Years of Age; had on when he went away a blue Coat, a coarse Check Shirt, and Osnabrugs Trowsers; he also carried with him some other Cloaths, tied up in a Sheet.—Whoever delivers him to me, or the Warden of the Work-House in Charles-Town, shall receive TEN DOLLARS Reward. WILLIAM PATERSON.

RUNAWAY
From the Subscriber, some Time in August, 1770,
A stout, able, young NEGRO WENCH,
named LUCY, about 20 Years of Age, Country born; had on when she went away a blue Negro Cloth Gown and Coat, and a Calico Jacket; formerly the Property of *Francis Oldfield*, of Ponpon:—She is supposed to be harboured by some of her Relations at the Borough. Whoever will apprehend, and deliver her to me, or the Warden of the Work-House, shall receive a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS; and if harboured by a white Person, ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, and FIFTY POUNDS if by a Negro, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender. If she returns Home she shall be forgiven.
(6 m.) MORDECAI MYERS.

BARROT TRAVIS, of the Branches of LITTLE and SALUDA RIVERS, informs me of a bright bay HORSE, near thirteen Hands high, with several Saddle-Spots, branded on the mounting Shoulder [illegible] W.

CHARLES HARRIS, of a black HORSE, about 13 Hands high, came to his House, branded on the Shoulder [illegible] N. on the near Thigh 2, on the off Shoulder C AB, and on the off Thigh J.

MOSES PRESCOAT, of a small white MARE, branded on the near Shoulder with something resembling + H, and on the off Shoulder with a Brand that cannot be made out.

JAMES HOWARD, of the Branches of EDISTO, of a small Mouse-coloured black MARE, with a Blaze, and branded on the near Thigh NP in one.

JESS LOTT, of an old white HORSE, about fourteen Hands high, came to his House, branded on the mounting Shoulder IA. LIKEWISE,

MARK LOTT, of a bright bay HORSE, about thirteen Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder H.——The Owners of the above-mentioned Strays, must prove their Property, within the Time prescribed by Law, before
JOHN FAIRCHILD, J. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common-Pleas*, begun and holden in CHARLES-TOWN, on TUESDAY the 11th Day of *August*, 1772,

JAMES ATKINS,	CAPERS BOONE,
JOHN BARNWELL,	THOMAS COWHER,
GEORGE EVANS,	ADAM CUSACK,
RICHARD SALTUS,	GEORGE COGDELL,
MILES BREWTON,	SAMUEL WRAGG,
JAMES BELL,	

Being duly ſummoned and returned, to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance: *This is to give Notice*, That they will be fined in the Sum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation-Money, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively, make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before the Firſt TUESDAY in SEPTEMBER next. JAMES TRAIL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Auguſt 12, 1772.

B O B,

WAITER *from the* CAROLINA,

Moſt RESPECTFULLY *acquaints the* PUBLIC

HE has taken COLE's and the GREENLAND COFFEE-HOUSE, in *Ball Court, Cornhill.* He humbly ſolicits the GENTLEMEN frequenting that Coffee-Houſe, to continue their Favours, and aſſures them and the Public, he will do his Endeavour to merit all future Favours that may be conferred on him ——Particular Attention will be given to all Bills, Letters, and Meſſages left at the above Houſes.

N. B. Genteel Accommodations, civil Uſage, and good Attendance may be depended on.——Suppers, &c. every Evening:—Wines, Arrack, Brandy, Rum, &c. &c. Wholeſale and Retail, by *Their obedient humble Servant*,

ROBERT BENSON.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subſcriber, by Order of the Honourable the Court of *Common Pleas* of this Province, was lately appointed Truſtee or Aſſignee of the Eſtate and Effects of ANDREW TAYLOR, of *Charles-Town*, Taylor, an Inſolvent Debtor; and by like Order, all the outſtanding Debts, Eſtate, and Effects of the ſaid ANDREW TAYLOR, were aſſigned to him, in Truſt for the Creditors of the ſaid ANDREW TAYLOR, who might be willing to receive a Dividend of the ſaid Eſtate, according, and in Proportion to their ſeveral Debts, and ſhould within *twelve Months* from the Time the ſaid ANDREW TAYLOR was diſcharged, viz. the *Seventh* Day of *July* laſt, deliver unto the Truſtee, an exact Account, upon Oath, of the ſeveral Debts and Demands to them owing:—The Truſtee therefore requires the Creditors of the ſaid ANDREW TAYLOR, to be ſpeedy in delivering in a State of their Demands; and all ſuch as are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, to diſcharge the ſame forthwith, or elſe they muſt expect to be ſued by next Return-Day.

JACOB VALK, *Aſſignee.*

Charles-Town, October 24, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given that Meſſrs. TORRANS & POAUG, of *Charles-Town*, Merchants, have aſſigned all their Debts and Effects to the Subſcribers, in Truſt, for paying out of the Money to ariſe therefrom, ſuch of the Creditors of the ſaid TORRANS & POAUG, as ſhall within Twelve Months from this Day, conſent and agree to receive a Dividend of their Debts, in Average and Proportion, as far as the ſaid Money will extend, and thereupon to execute general Releaſes of their Demands, againſt the ſaid TORRANS & POAUG.—Their other Creditors are excluded from any Share of the ſaid Money: Therefore, thoſe who are willing to accept Dividends upon the Terms above mentioned, are deſired to ſignify ſuch Conſent, and to tranſmit their Accounts, duly atteſted, within the Time above limited.

The Books of Accounts, &c. are in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. *William Graham*, (at a Store on Col. Beale's Wharf) who is appointed and impowered by the Aſſignees, to receive and collect the Monies due to the ſaid *Torrans & Poaug*, of which all Perſons concerned, are deſired to take Notice.

The Bill Creditors of the ſaid TORRANS & POAUG, are deſired to deliver in to the Aſſignees, ſuch Bills of Exchange, as have been returned proteſted, in order that proper Steps may be purſued for their Recovery.

JACOB MOTTE,
WILLIAM LOGAN,
JOHN HUGER,
ALEXANDER MICHIE,
BENJAMIN HUGER,
ALEXANDER ROSE,
} *Aſſignees.*

To be LET *or* SOLD,

A Commodious new-built WOODEN HOUSE in *King-Street*, next to Mr. Fitz-Simons's, fronting the Path, and oppoſite to Herman Huſt's; hath ſix complete Rooms, a Piazza on one Side and at the End, with a Pantry, a Cellar under the Houſe ſeven Feet high in the Clear, a large Kitchen, Store-Houſe, Chair-Houſe, and Stable, a Well of exceeding fine Water, and every other Neceſſary ſuitable for a genteel Family.

If ſold, the Purchaſer may have one, two, or three Years Credit, paying Intereſt, and giving Security.—For further Particulars, enquire of SAMUEL HOPKINS.

WANTED immediately,

A young Man of a good Character,

That underſtands the Buſineſs of a Compting-Houſe and Store. Enquire at the Printing-Office, near the Exchange.

GEORGE-TOWN GOAL, Auguſt 8th, 1772.

A NEGRO FELLOW of the *Calabar* Country, named TOBY, taken up at *Cat Iſland*, near this Place, has been ſent to this Goal; he is about five Feet high, well made, ſpeaks little or no Engliſh, ſays his Maſter's Name is *Joe*; has on an old Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches, is marked on each Cheek, and on his Back and Belly.

WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN, *Goaler.*

STOLEN,

Out of the Subſcriber's Shop, in *Bedon's-Alley*, on *Saturday* the 15th of *July* laſt,

A Mahogany Baſon-Stand;

The Back Edge of the lower Top a little ſhaken. Whoever delivers it, and the Thief, to me, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency. JAMES DRUMMOND.

WRAGG & SMITH,

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ships CAROLINA, Captain LOWLEY, and the HEART-OF-OAK, Captain GUNN, from LONDON, and the ST. HELENA, Captain ARTHAR, from BRISTOL,

A very large and general Aſſortment

OF

European & East-India Goods,

Amongſt which are the following, viz.

A Large Quantity of white and coloured Plains, ſome of an extraordinary fine Quality, at 15s. per Yard;
London and *Briſtol* ſtriped Duffils;
Brown and bleached *Iriſh* and *Ruſſia* Sheeting Linen;
Iriſh Linens of all Prices, purchaſed uncommonly cheap;
Men's Worſted and Silk Breeches Patterns;
Women's Leather, Calamanco, white Kid, Satin, and Brocade Shoes:
A Variety of Silks and Satins, of the neweſt and moſt approved Patterns;
Saſh, and other faſhionable Ribands:
An Aſſortment of JEWELLERY;
Silk and Oil Cloth Umbrallas;
Feather Beds, with Bolſters and Pillows;
Suits of *Tombour* worked Aprons, Handkerchiefs, and Ruffles;
Suits of Silk and Thread Gauze Ditto;
Plain and flowered Gauze, Lawn, and Muſlin, Queen's, *Paris*, and Patent Nett;
Ladies faſhionable Caps;
Artificial Flowers, dreſt and jointed Babies;
Quern Stones, for Hand and Water Mills;
Mill Saws, Croſs-cut, Whip, and Hand Ditto;
Very neat japanned Trays, Waiters, and Stands;
Complete Sets of Queen's Ware;
Ditto of Tea and Table China;
Batavia Arrack in Bottles, allowed to be much ſuperior to what is generally imported into this Province;
Raiſins, Currants, *Turky* Figs;
Bohea, Green, and Hyſon TEA;
Violins, and *German* Flutes:
A large Aſſortment of Fowling Pieces, and Piſtols, remarkably cheap, ſome very neat and Silver-mounted;
A few very neat Silver-hilted Cutteaux de Chaſſe:
A great Variety of *Engliſh* and *India* Chints, with and without Borders;
Empty Rum Caſes, to hold from Six to Thirty Gallons;
Womens common and Hunting Saddles;
Mens and Boys *London* made Saddles;
Scots Carpets, and painted Floor Cloths;
Felt, Caſtor, and Beaver Hats;
Ladies Riding Hats with Plumes;
Velvet and Leather Jockey Caps;
Womens Tabby and Turn Stays;
Childrens Pack-Thread Ditto:
A general Aſſortment of Family Medicines;
Caſes of Table and Deſert, Ivory and Silver Handle Knives and Forks;
Silver, Soup, Table, and Tea Spoons, Ditto Punch Ladles;
Red *Port* Wine in Bottles, of the very beſt Quality:
A great Variety of ſuperfine Broad Cloths, Caſimirs, Sagathies, &c. with ſuitable Trimmings;
Gold and Silver Lace, and *Pruſſian* Binding;
Scots and *Iriſh* Oznabrugs;
Canvas of all Numbers:
A large Collection of Books, by the moſt approved Authors with all other Articles of Stationary.
Marſeilles Quilting, and *Manchester* Petticoating;
Ladies Satin, and Silk Cloaks, and Hats;
Ditto, Satin and Silk Petticoats;

With a great Variety of other Articles, too tedious to enumerate, to be ſold on their uſual moderate Terms, at their Store on GEORGE-TOWN BAY.

*** They expect in the firſt Veſſel from *Glaſgow*, a large Supply of *Scotch* SADDLES, and a general Aſſortment of SADDLERY.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF

HEWET & LYNCH,

BEING EXPIRED,

THE SUBSCRIBER begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has now entered into Buſineſs for himſelf, on the North Side of the *White-Meeting*, where he carries on the COACH and CHAIR-MAKING BUSINESS, in as complete a Manner as can be performed in this Province; and ſolicits the Cuſtom of thoſe Gentlemen and others, who were pleaſed to employ the late Company; to merit which, the greateſt Care and Expedition will be uſed, in executing the Orders they may be pleaſed to favour him with.

GEORGE HEWET.

N. B. He has erected a complete and large Range of COACH-HOUSES, for the Reception of Gentlemen's Carriages that may come to be repaired, in Order to prevent their receiving any Injury from the Weather.——Gentlemen may have their Carriages ſtand by the Year, on very reaſonable Terms.

*** He has to diſpoſe of, ſundry CHAIRS and CHAISES, with Harneſs, which will be ſold remarkable cheap, for *Caſh*:—Alſo a light PHEATON, with Harneſs.

WILLIAM DAVIS, of Prince William's Pariſh, Indian-Land, informs me of a brown bay HORSE, about 13 Hands high, has ſome white Spots on his Rump, and ſome Saddle-ſpots on his Back; branded on the mounting Shoulder E

JW, trotts light and ſmart. The Owner of the above Stray, muſt prove his Property before me,

Auguſt 5, 1772. JOHN GARVEN, J. P.

CRAVEN-COUNTY, *July* 23*d*, 1772.

TAKEN UP by WILLIAM ASTON, and tolled before me, a grey HORSE, about five Years old, ten and an Half Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock T;—a Trotter.

Taken up by THOMAS NELSON, a grey MARE, ſix Years old, ten and an Half Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and each Buttock ℛ in a Cypher;—a Trotter.

Taken up by MARTIN SHARP, a grey HORSE, about 14 Hands high, 11 or 12 Years old, branded on the mounting Buttock WT joining.—A bay HORSE, nine or ten Years old, about 13 Hands high, with a ſmall Bell on, branded on the mounting Buttock ℨR joining.—Alſo, a black MARE, twelve and an Half Hands high, twelve or thirteen Years old, branded on her mounting Buttock ℨR joining.—The Owners of the above Strays, muſt prove their Property before me,

MICHAEL DICKERT, J. P.

ALL Perſons having any Demands on the Eſtate of RICHARD OSWALD, Eſq; in EAST-FLORIDA, are deſired to ſend them immediately, to Mr. JOHN FAIRLAMB, at ST. AUGUSTINE, for Payment, without further Notice. (6 w.)

RUN AWAY

From the Subſcriber, on the 15th of *July* laſt,

A NEGRO-FELLOW,

Named JACK, about Thirty Years of Age, five Feet five Inches high, ſmart and ſenſible, ſtammers a little, and has a Scar in one of his Cheeks; this Country born:—He has a Wife in *Charles-Town*, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured by ſome of his Acquaintance. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Run-Away, and delivers him to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, or to me in *Dorcheſter*, ſhall receive *Five Pounds* Reward. On Proof of his being entertained by a White Perſon, *Twenty Pounds* will be given on Conviction of the Offender, and if by a Negro, *Ten Pounds*. JAMES CLATWORTHY.

RUN AWAY,

From the SUBSCRIBER, *on the Second of* JULY *Inſtant*,

A MUSTEE FELLOW named CUPID,

Of a very black Complexion, with remarkable long and thick Hair; when he went away he had on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Robin, and Oznabrugs Trowſers.——A Reward of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, is hereby offered to any Perſon, or Perſons, that will deliver him to the Warden of the Work-Houſe; alſo a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS if harboured by a white Perſon, and TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS if by a Negro, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender.

Chriſt-Church Pariſh, July 5, 1772. } ELIAS WIGFALL.

RUN AWAY,

From the SUBSCRIBER's *Plantation, about the Sixteenth of* FEBRUARY *laſt*,

A ſenſible well-made NEGRO FELLOW,

Named GEORGE, about Five Feet Nine Inches high, and Thirty Years of Age, he was lately the Property of the Eſtate of Mrs. HIMELI, deceaſed; and is well known in *Charles-Town* and *Chriſt Church* Pariſh. TWENTY POUNDS Currency Reward, will be paid, and all reaſonable Charges, to any Perſon that will deliver him to Mr. JOHN DAWSON, in *Charles-Town*, or to the Subſcriber at *Dorcheſter*;—alſo, a further Reward will be given, to any one that will give Information by whom he is harboured, if by a white Perſon, FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender.

July 4th, 1772. RICHARD WALTER.

Run away, about two months paſt,

from the ſubſcriber's plantation on Waccamaw Neck, two young NEGRO MEN, named SAM and HENRY, formerly the property of the Hon. George-Gabriel Powell, Eſq; they are both well known in many parts of the Province, particularly at Charles-Town, where it is ſuppoſed they are now. A reward of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS for each, will be given to any perſon that will apprehend the ſaid negroes, and deliver them to the Warden of the work-houſe, or to Mr. *Edward Simons* in Charles-Town; and any perſon that will give information of their being harboured by a white perſon, ſhall receive a reward of FIFTY POUNDS; and if by a negro, TEN POUNDS, to be paid on conviction of the offender.

May 22, 1772. BENJAMIN YOUNG.

CONRAD KRYTHER, informs me of a grey GELDING, about four Years old, and 12 Hands and an Half high, unbranded, marked in the right Ear with a little Slit, and in the left with a ſmall Underkeel.

PETER OTT, of a black GELDING, eight or nine Years old, about 13 Hands and an Half high, has the Marks of a Halter round his Noſe, ſome white Specks about his Rump; branded on the mounting Buttock PC.

JACOB ROTH, of an old white GELDING, with a Bell round his Neck, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder 9.

MATTHIAS BRIKLE, of an old bay GELDING, with a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and ſome Saddle-ſpots, about 12 Hands and an Half high, branded on the mounting Buttock

***. The Owners of the ſaid Strays, muſt prove their Property, at Orangeburgh, before

LEWIS GOLSAN, J. P.

CRAVEN COUNTY, June 19th, 1772.

ABRAHAM DESON, informs me of a ſorrel HORSE, about twelve Hands high, ten Years old, with a Blaze in his Face, and has had a Fiſtula, branded on the near Shoulder 11;—a Trotter.

MARK PHILLIPS, of a dark grey HORSE, about twelve Hands high, and ſix Years old, branded on the near Shoulder 8, on the near Buttock ⊢, and on the off Shoulder EM;—a Trotter.

DAVID FOLUNSBURY, of a white Flea-bitten HORSE, about 13 Hands and an Half high, ten Years old, paces very well and trotts, has half a Shoe on, and a Five and Twenty Shilling Bell, hung on with a Strop of Leather, and a large double Braſs Buckle;—he has no perceivable Brand.

JOHN FOLUNSBURY, of a brown bay HORSE, about twelve Hands high, and eight Years old, both paces and trotts, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock 36, and on the off Shoulder and Buttock G, has a large Bell on, and double Buckle. *Likewiſe*,

A brindle Year-old BULL, with two ſmooth Crops, lately marked.

ISAAC JOHNSON, of a white trotting HORSE, about twelve Hands high, eight Years old, branded on the off Buttock 5g. *Likewiſe*,

A ſorrel trotting HORSE, about thirteen Hands high, twelve Years old, blaze faced, a white Speck on one Side, and is ſomewhat galled with the Gears, branded on the near Buttock 9ℒ.

WILLIAM BELL, jun. of a white trotting MARE, about thirteen Hands high, and twelve Years old, branded on the near Buttock ⓓ, and on the off Shoulder ⓓ. *Likewiſe*,

A black HORSE, about thirteen Hands and an Half high, eight Years old, branded on the near Shoulder ℒℒ;—a Trotter.

The Owners of the above Strays, muſt prove their Property before the Subſcriber, living in Craven County, Brown Creek, near the Boundary Line.

JOHN PERKINS, J. P.

MAREDANT's Antiſcorbutic Drops

May be had at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

SUPPLEMENT to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1911.] THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1772.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by T. POWELL & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

Charles-Town, July 14, 1772.

THE Subscriber is much obliged to his planting Friends, who, by landing their Crops at his Wharf for three Years past, have thereby introduced it to Business.—He acted as Factor during that Time, purely to prevent his Friends being Sufferers by their intended Kindness to him, as it was very industriously insinuated, that Rice would not sell at his Wharf: But as he is now well convinced, and flatters himself all his Friends are fully so too, that their Crops, landed in large or *small* Parcels, will sell altogether as well at his Wharf, as at any other in *Charles-Town*; and that any Gentlemen, principally concerned in the Factorage Way, will now have no Objection to receive and sell Rice or Indico landed thereat: He therefore chooses to decline that Business, finding it more than he is able to go through. He hopes his good Friends will still land their Crops at his Wharf, where they may depend he shall take Care HIMSELF that their Boats have all possible Dispatch.

As to the Safety and Conveniency of his Docks and Stores, he is sure there are none preferable to them in Town in those Respects, and few (if any) Barns in the Country are cooler and more secure from Fire; and it is almost impossible for a Barrel of Rice to be stolen in landing or shipping at his Wharf. Such Gentlemen as use his Wharf *constantly*, may depend on never wanting Storage whenever they do not like the going Price:—No prudent Planter but must be convinced, that this is a Matter of the utmost Consequence to him, as many, for these three Years past, have had their Crops (when landed in Town) disposed of very much against their own Inclinations and Judgments, merely for Want of Storage; and this he is sure has been the Case, particularly this Year several Times, notwithstanding the Shortness of the Crop.

Messrs. GIBBES & HORT,

Who have had long Experience in the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in all its Branches, and confine themselves to that *only*, have taken the Charge of his Scales, and will transact their Business on his Wharf.—To these Gentlemen he begs Leave to recommend such of his Friends who are not otherwise engaged.

Christopher Gadsden.

N. B. Any Gentlemen in Trade may depend on not wanting STORAGE for such Parcels of Rice as they purchase at his Wharf.

GIBBES & HORT,

ACQUAINT THEIR FRIENDS,

THAT THEY CONTINUE THE

Factorage Business in all its Branches,

(ON THE USUAL TERMS)

AND, for the Convenience of good Storage, will transact it on Captain GADSDEN's WHARF; where they desire such of their Friends, as it may be agreeable to, will order the Goods they intend to favour them with, being convinced, that they will sell as well there, as at any other Place in CHARLES-TOWN.——Constant Attendance will also be given at [illegible] ag-House on the BAY.

Their Fr[illegible]plied with proper Boats agreeable to their Or[illegible]pe to merit a Continuance of their Favours, b[illegible]on to their Employers Interest, especially a[illegible]ned to confine themselves to the Factorage Business only.—And they assure their Friends, that they are not in any Wise interested in Captain GADSDEN's Stores; so that whenever they shall think it necessary to store for a better Market, it must be SOLELY with a View to their Friends Interest.

N. B. WANTED, to attend on the said Wharf, a Person well qualified and recommended.

PARKER & HUTCHINGS

Have imported in the last Vessels from LONDON, BRISTOL, *and* LIVERPOOLE,

An Assortment of fresh GOODS,

Suitable to the present and approaching Season:

Which will be disposed of on the most reasonable Terms, at their Store in CHURCH-STREET, the Corner of *Elliott-Street*.

They have also for SALE,

EXCEEDING fine new-made BUTTER, in Kegs from 20 to 50 Weight, neat; *Carolina* FLOUR; FLAX; COTTON; HEMP; Deer SKINS; TOBACCO in Hogsheads, of the best Quality; BEAVER; TALLOW, and BEES-WAX.

ALSO,

GREEN, Bohea, and exceeding fine Hyson TEA; COFFEE; CHOCOLATE; Loaf and Muscovado SUGAR; *Jamaica, West-India*, and *Northward* RUM; *London* and *New-York* MADERA and PORT WINE; a few Dozens of very fine ARRACK; best White Wine VINEGAR; fresh FLAX SEED; Linseed, Train, and Lamp OIL; PAINTS and Window GLASS; *English* and *German* STEEL; BAR IRON; Bar and Ploughshare MOULDS; IRON POTS, &c. &c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE will be taken in Payment for any of the above Articles, at the full Market Price.

To be SOLD,

At Mr. THOMAS ADAMSON's *Stables, in* MEETING-STREET,

TWO HORSES;

One 14 Hands and an Half high, seven Years old, Quarter blooded, bred in Virginia:—The other a Chicasaw, 14 Hands high, eight Years old; both good Horses for the Saddle or Chair, and lately come from a long Journey.——The Reason of the Owner's parting with them is, he wants to purchase a Pair.

WAKEFIELD,

At his Store in BROAD-STREET,

HAS IMPORTED,

In the last Vessels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A CARGO of GOODS,

VIZ.

A GREAT VARIETY

OF

LINEN-DRAPERY in General,

WITH A VERY GREAT CHOICE OF

New printed Linens, Cottons, and Calicoes,

AND

FURNITURE COTTONS,

From 16*s.* 3*d.* to 67*s.* 6*d.* per Yard, immediately purchased from the Printing-Grounds.

Amongst the many Articles of Haberdashery,

Usually imported, shall particularize,

Persian, Satin, Breadth Stuff, And black Russel } *Petticoats.* | Drab, Duffil, and Cloth } *Cardinals.*

A great Variety of Satins, Peelings, Sarsenets, Alamodes, Gauzes, Catgut, Netting, Gauze Handkerchiefs, glossy Linens, black Blond, and Thread Laces, Tapes, Wig-Cauls, Pins, and Buttons.

A large Assortment of MILLENARY,

Well chose, and of the newest Fashions:

Ladies Dress and Undress Caps and Hoods, and Neck Dresses; | Hats, Cloaks, and Teresa's;
Girl's open worked Caps, Stomachers, and Sleeve Knots; | Chip Hats;
Feather Sultans, and *Italian* Flowers; | Open Chip;
| Skeleton & Cap Wire.

Complete Sets of Minionet;
Ditto, trimmed with Edging Tombour, very elegant;
Suits of Girls Linen;
Book-Muslin, spotted and sprigged, with an Edging;
Black Patent Net Aprons, trimmed with broad Edging;
Complete Suits of Tombour Work, Aprons, Ruffles, and Handkerchiefs, with Gentlemen's Ruffles to sell separate, from 10*l.* to 12*l.*
A great Choice of Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs;
Lawn Aprons, Handkerchiefs, and Ruffles;
The newest fashioned Ladies Riding-Hats, Turbant Gold trimmed;
White Ostrich Hussar Feathers, with a Plume;
Boys Hats, Turbant trimmed, Gold spangled Lace, with Feather.

New coloured Broad Cloths, Casimirs, and *German* Serges, with Gold and Silver Waistcoats Shapes;
Gold Net Gauze Lace and Buttons;
Venetian, Marquisites, with Drops and Stars, and Coque de Pearl Ear-Rings.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT

OF

NEW FASHIONED SILKS,

From a Manufacturer, and will be sold as CHEAP *as can be bought in* LONDON.

A complete Assortment of HOSIERY,

AND

NEW FASHIONED RIBANDS,

WITH

White, brown, & green Plains & Duffils,

All of a very good Quality.

4*d.* 5*d.* 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* and 20*d.* NAILS.

These, with a large IMPORTATION expected by the first Vessels from LONDON, will enable him to SELL by

WHOLESALE as well as RETAIL,

Upon his usual LOW PRICES, being purchased with *Cash* from the Manufactories.

Mr. WAKEFIELD is much obliged to his Friends for the many Favours conferred, and they may depend on having their Orders faithfully and immediately executed.

T. POWELL, & Co.

At the PRINTING-OFFICE *on the* BAY, *near the* Exchange,

HAVE lately received a Quantity of Dr. KEYSER's GENUINE PILLS, from Mr. *James Rivington*, Bookseller, in *New-York*, who is the ONLY Person that is appointed (by the Proprietor) for vending them in *America*: Therefore, as the above T. POWELL, & Co. have always received the Pills sold by them from Mr. *Rivington*, the Public may be assured that THEIRS are the GENUINE.—Full Directions for taking them are given with each Box, and, provided the Patient takes them agreeable to the Directions, the Purchasers shall have their Money returned, if a complete Cure is not performed.

N. B. For a surprising Cure performed by the Pills sold by Mr. *Rivington*, see Mr. WELLS's Gazette, of *August* 3, 1772.

St. Bartholomew's Parish, August 3d, 1772.

ALL Persons are requested to make a Return upon Oath, of all their Male Slaves, from the Age of Sixteen to Sixty, to any of the Commissioners, on or before the First Day of *October* next, otherwise Executions will be granted against every Defaulter, according to Law.

TACITUS GAILLARD,
BENJAMIN FARAR,
JOHN CALDWELL,
WILLIAM FLUD,
ISAAC GAILLARD,
WILLIAM HEATLY,
THOMAS PLATT,
} Commissioners.

MEDITATIONS *on human* LIFE.

THIS life is but a *Penelope's* web, in which we are always doing and undoing: A sea that lies open to all winds, which sometimes within, and sometimes without, never ceases to blow violently upon us: A weary journey through extreme heats and colds, over high mountains, steep rocks, dangerous deserts. And, thus we pass our time away in weaving at this web, in rowing at this oar, and in passing this miserable way.—What then is there in life, my soul! that thou shouldst so much desire it? Nay, what evil is there not in life?

There is no period of it exempt from misery. We enter it in *tears*: We pass through it in *sweat* and *toil*, and many *afflictions*: We end it always in *sorrow*. Great and little, rich and poor, not one in the whole world can plead immunity from this condition.

Man, in this point, is worse than all other creatures: He is born unable to support himself; neither in his first years any pleasure, nor giving to others any thing but trouble, and before the age of discretion passing infinite dangers: Only herein he is less unhappy than in other ages, because in this he has no sense nor apprehension of his misery.—And, can we think there is any so void of reason, that, if it were granted to him to live always a child, would make choice of such a life? So then it is evident, That not simply *to live* is desirable; but *to live well and happy* should be the object of all our endeavours, and of all our intentions.

Does the child escape all those dangers incident to that stage of life, and *grow up*? His troubles likewise grow up with him. He is transferred from the nurse to the subjection of the schoolmaster, and then, if he studies, it is ever with repining; and, if he plays, it is never but with fear.—This whole age, while he is under the charge of another, is unto him no better than a prison: And therefore he longs for, and only aspires to that age, in which, freed from the tutelage of another, he may become master of himself; pushing time forward, as it were with his shoulder, that he may the sooner enjoy his hoped for liberty. In short, he desires nothing more than to see the end of this age, which he looks upon as bondage and slavery, and to enter upon the beginning of his youth. And what is the beginning of youth, but the death of infancy? And the beginning of manhood, but the death of youth? Or, what is the beginning of to-morrow, but the death of the present day? —Therefore such a one implicitly desires his death, and judges his life miserable; and cannot be reputed in a state of happiness or contentment.

We will now suppose our *youth at liberty*, in that age he so much pined after, wherein he has his choice to take the way of virtue or of vice, and, either to chuse reason or passion for his guide. His passion entertains him with a thousand baits, and presents him with a thousand wordly pleasures to surprize him: Vicious and polluted pleasures, which ever held him in a restless fever: Pleasures, that at last end in repentance, and like sweetmeats are of a bad digestion: Pleasures that are bought with pain, and in a moment perish, but leave behind a lasting guilt, and long remorse of conscience. I will not mention the mischiefs, quarrels, debates, wounds, murders, banishments, sickness, and other dangers, whereinto sometimes the incontinency, and sometimes the insolency of this ill-guided age does plunge men. Behold then the life of a *young man*, who, rid of the government of his parents and masters, abandons himself to all the exorbitances of his unruly passion; which, like an unclean spirit possessing him, throws him sometimes into the water, and then into the fire; sometimes carries him clear over a rock, and at other times flings him headlong to the bottom.

And, even if he follows *reason* for his guide, he must meet with wonderful difficulties: For he must resolve to fight in every part of the field, and at every step to be in conflict, as having the enemy in front, in flank, and in the rear, continually assailing him: And this enemy is all that can delight him, all that he sees near, or far off. This is no less than *the world* itself, our greatest enemy, and must therefore be overcome.

But, besides the *world*, he has a thousand treacherous enemies *within* him, amongst whom his passion is none of the least; which waits for an occasion to surprise him, and betray him to his lust. It is God only, that can make him chuse the path of virtue: And it is God only that can keep him in it to the end, and make him victorious in all his combats. But alas! how few they are that enter into it, and of those few, how many that retire again! So that let a man follow the one way or other, he must either subject himself to a tyrannical passion, or undertake a weary and continual combat; wilfully throw himself into the arms of destruction, or fetter himself, as it were, in the stocks; easily carried away with the current of the water, or painfully stemming the impetuous tide.

Behold then the happiness of a young man! who, in his youth, having drank his full draught of the world's vain and deceivable pleasures, is overtaken by them with such a dull heaviness and astonishment, as drunkards feel on the morrow after a debauch, or gluttons after a plentiful feast; who are so overpressed with the excesses of the former day, that the very remembrance of it creates a loathing. And even he that has made the stoutest resistance, feels himself so weary, and so bruised and broken with this continual conflict, that he is either upon the point to yield, or to die.—Yet, this is all the good, all the contentment of this flourishing age, by children so earnestly desired, and by those, who have experienced it, so heartily lamented.

Should he arrive to the state of what is called *perfect age*, in which men have no other thoughts but to purchase to themselves wisdom and rest; he will even then find, that it is herein only perfect, because all imperfections of human nature, hidden before under the simplicity of childhood, or the lightness of youth, appear at *this* age in perfection, speaking even of those that are esteemed the wisest and most happy, in the opinion of the world; who are continually pursued by, and sacrifice their rest, quiet, and time to *avarice* and *ambition*, as I will shew you more at large, on some other occasion.

However, every man promises himself great contentment in *old age*; hopes then to repose himself without further care, and to keep himself at ease in health; but such a one too often deceives himself. In *old age* there is nothing but an after taste of all the foregoing evils; and most commonly a plentiful harvest of all such vices, as, in the whole course of their life, hath held and possessed them. For here you have the imbecility and weakness of infancy, and (which is worse) many times accom-

pe[illegible]fied with authority.—You are paid for the exceſs and riot of your youth, with gouts, palſies, and ſuch like diſeaſes, which take from you limb after limb with pain and torment: Here you are recompenſed for the anxieties of mind, the watchings and cares of manhood, with loſs of ſight, loſs of hearing, and of all the ſenſes, one after another, except only the ſenſe of pain. Death ſeizes on every part, to make ſure of us; as a bailiff does of a bad-paymaſter, that forfeits his day of payment. Here is nothing in us, which is not viſibly declining, except our vices, and they not only live, but in deſpite of nature grow young again.—The *covetous* man hath one foot in the grave, and yet is burying his money, as if he had hopes to find it again another day.—The *ambitious*, in his will, provides for a pompous funeral, making his vice to triumph, even after his death. The child wiſhes for youth, and the old man laments it; the young man lives in hopes of the future, and this feels the evil preſent, laments the falſe pleaſures paſt, and ſees for the time to come nothing to hope for: And the *old man* is more fooliſh than the child, in bewailing the time he cannot recal, and remembers not the evil that he ſuffered in it; and more wretched than the young man, in that, after a vicious life, and not being able any longer to live, he muſt miſerably die, ſeeing nothing round about him, but matter of deſpair.

I ſhall not trouble you with a long roll of thoſe almoſt infinite evils, wherewith men in all ages are afflicted, as loſs of friends and parents, baniſhments, exiles, diſgraces, and other accidents, common and ordinary in the world; one complaining of loſing his children, another of having them; one lamenting for his wife's death, another for her life: One finding fault that he is too high in court, and others more often, that they are not high enough. The world is full of evils, ſo that it would require a world of time to write them in. And, if the moſt happy man in the world ſhould ſet his felicities againſt each other, he would ſee cauſe enough to pronounce himſelf unhappy: Yet, perhaps, he might be accounted happy by ſome other man; who, perhaps, if he had been but three days in poſſeſſion of his reputed happy ſtate, would be glad to yield it up to him that ſhould come next. And he that ſhall conſider, in all the goods that ever he hath had, the evils he hath ſuffered to get them, and, having got them, to retain and keep them (I ſpeak of pleaſures that may be kept, and not of thoſe that wither in a moment) he will ſoon confeſs, that keeping itſelf of the greateſt felicity in this world is full of unhappineſs and infelicity.

Therefore we may conclude, That childhood is but a fooliſh ſimplicity; youth a vain heat; manhood, a painful carefulneſs; and old age, an uneaſy languiſhing: That our plays are but tears; our pleaſures, fevers of the mind; our goods, racks and torments; our honours, gilded vanities; our reſt, inquietude: That paſſing from age to age is but paſſing from evil to evil, and from the leſs unto the greater; and that always it is but one wave driving on another, until we be driven into the port or haven of death.

ADVICE to a *young* UNMARRIED LADY,

From one of her *own Sex*.

MISS,

THE charms with which Heaven has bleſſed you, while they delight the eye, make me tremble for you hereafter. —*Beauty* has often been the rock on which *virtue* has ſplit, when care has not been taken to enrich the mind with means to protect it in all the changes of life.—A ſplendid fortune is ever attended by luxury, whoſe companion is coquetry.—The adoration of the men, and their perpetual flatteries to our ſex, are often too pleaſing to our vanity; and, by liſtening to a number, the heart is uncertain in its determination, and one inſenſibly gives up to a *crowd* that reputation we fear to truſt with one ſingle perſon, and which ought to be dearer to us than one's life. Again, *poverty*, *misfortunes*, and a life imbittered by continual *vexations*, are no leſs fatal to virtue; ſuch a woman is apt to make uſe of her beauty to ſubdue her enemies,—and to procure her friends in time of need!—She meets, 'tis probable, with dangerous Conſolers; and her honour becomes a ſacrifice to gratitude.

To prevent theſe diſaſterous accidents, *wiſdom* is the only means: But endeavour to be *wiſe* without *affectation*. Wiſdom does not require ſo much *outward ſhew* as *inward ſeverity*.—Be *prudent* without being a *prude*: Let your *modeſty* be accompanied with *gaiety*, and your *neceſſary reſerve* with *good-nature*. —Apply yourſelf to *learn* what will adorn your mind, but be not *vain* in your own conceit.—Let your *philoſophy* be *chriſtian*. —Be *affable* and *obliging* to *all*; *intimate* but with *few*.—*Pity* the misfortunes which you are in no proſpect of *feeling*.—Behave without *too much* ſubmiſſion to your *equals*; and without *pride* to your *inferiors*.—Be always ready to comfort the diſtreſſed of all conditions.—Do nothing but what is worthy of *praiſe*, without aiming at applauſe; the oſtentation of a good action often eclipſes the glory, which it would otherwiſe deſerve.

If you ſhall hereafter be bleſſed with a good huſband, endeavour to make the bleſſing permanent by your love, virtue, and a generous confidence. But, ſhould your lot be ſo unhappy as to have your mind torn and diſtracted with the agonies of domeſtic jars, look out for friends, who have a greater regard for your *virtue* than your *beauty*; and, if by that means you get no relief, ſeek it from him who alone can extricate us out of the deepeſt diſtreſs. In patience poſſeſs your ſoul. If you love your huſband paſſionately, and he is ungrateful enough not to make ſuitable returns to your tenderneſs, endeavour to conquer his ill humour with mildneſs, complaiſance, and a blameleſs conduct: For, be aſſured, jealouſy, ſullenneſs, a peeviſh melancholy, or continual reproaches and brawlings, will never regain a heart liable to wandering.—If the match be diſproportionate, and your huſband happens to be very agreeable in his humour, but the contrary in his perſon, never ceaſe endeavouring to conquer your diſlike, and remember the beauties of the mind are moſt amiable.—And, if you chance to be equally indifferent to each other, let not that draw you into any irregularities: Shun the opportunities of finding in another the charms that are wanting in your huſband; and permit the force of duty to ſupply the defects of love. It is in ſuch circumſtances as theſe, that it is difficult to preſerve one's virtue; but then it is at theſe times, that it is moſt requiſite, and it appears with greater luſtre.

A woman perfectly happy, who is not wanting in her duty, is *eſteemed*, without being *praiſed*; becauſe, having no complaint, ſhe has no pretence for doing otherwiſe. But a woman that is *unfortunate* and *wiſe*, ſeems to exceed even expectation. —The virgin or the widow ſtate alſo ſeems to me as much or more expoſed to danger. A young woman left without father or mother, and entirely miſtreſs of her actions, cannot be too circumſpect in them.—She takes no ſtep without endangering her reputation; if ſhe keeps a great deal of company, ſhe's immediately ſtigmatized with the name of a coquette; if ſhe confines herſelf to the converſation of a few ſelect friends, ſhe's ſuſpected of carrying on ſome private intrigue.

If you marry, and are left a widow, avoid the example of thoſe women, who think, becauſe they have nobody to whom they are obliged to be accountable for what they do, they may with ſafety abandon themſelves to an irregular conduct, believing, that under the umbrage of their *crape*, they may conceal the looſe inclinations of their *hearts*.—A widow ought to be more nice in her behaviour, than either a wife or a maid. The ſtate ſhe has paſſed through ſhould make her obſerve a greater decorum, ſince ſhe ought to reſume the modeſty and innocence of a maid, with the knowledge of a wife: Wiſdom muſt be her inſeparable guide, or ſhe will be liable to cenſure, and expoſed to the greateſt dangers in the cauſe of virtue.

THOUGHTS *on the* CONSTITUTION *of* ENGLAND.

ENGLAND is diſtinguiſhed by its conſtitution from every nation in the world. Here the utmoſt wiſh of the greateſt politicians, the laſt effort of their ſkill, what they thought rather a point of ſpeculation, than poſſible in practice, is actually put in execution. A mixed Government prevails, wonderfully compoſed of three forms, the Regal, Ariſtocratical, and Popular; the power of each ſo naturally adapted to its ſhare in the government, and ſo nicely balanced as reciprocal checks and helps, that, above the reach of human contrivance, it ſeems the produce of higher wiſdom than uſually rules the affairs of men. The prerogative of her Kings, the privileges of her Peers, and the independency of her people, are guarded by three eſtates; any one of which is ſufficient to prevent the will of the other from paſſing into a paſſial law, and renders a national concurrence neceſſary to give an act the legal ſanction.

The energy of this ſingular inſtitution is marvellous: Its operations, like thoſe of nature, are partly ſilent and ſure, partly obvious and ſtriking, and always beneficent, and big with felicity. It would be no eaſy taſk to trace their effects; which are deeply felt by every Briton that can taſte the exalted pleaſure of being free and of fearing nothing but the laws. But, like all human enjoyments, they are enhanced by their rarity, and ſhine brighteſt by compariſon. Wherefore, to be truly ſenſible of our happineſs, we muſt quit the "Queen of Iſles", make a tour beyond ſea, and obſerve plenty confined to palaces, a few favourites revelling, falſe ſplendor and tinſel equipages belying gaunt poverty; while the towns languiſh, the fields mourn, the fleeced peaſant pines, the merchant, permitted to trade for a time, is ſqueezed to add to the coffers of a King, and the nobility, an appendage to an oppreſſive Court, are ſunk in ſlavery and ignorance. Then returning to the ſeat of freedom, let us view her order, her populouſneſs, her flouriſhing towns, cultivated fields, crouded ports, thronged markets, and growing manufactures. Happy country! where juſtice and liberty ſupport each other, diffuſe plenty, or rather profuſion, through all ranks, and beget the noble independent ſpirit of a free-born Briton.

Theſe are ſome of the effects of our matchleſs conſtitution. To trace them all, either in the peculiar character of the people, or in the ſeveral branches of the adminiſtration, though a delightful ſubject, would lead us into too wide a field at preſent. So far only let us be proud to ſay, and to repeat, That our form of government by a King, Lords, and Commons, three powers having conjunctly the legiſlative, and ſeparately the executive, judicative, and deliberative parts, with a reciprocal negative upon one another, is the higheſt pitch of political happineſs.

Let Britons then cheriſh their true intereſts; let them honour their pre-eminence, reſpect their laws, and part with life rather than their conſtitution. Let them remember, that a Proteſtant family upon the Throne, whoſe beſt title to it is founded upon a law ſettling the ſucceſſion, in conſequence of a ſolemn national compact, to preſerve our civil and ſacred liberties, is the Great Barrier of our public happineſs: And while our future Princes are wiſe, and prefer no foreign intereſts to thoſe of their own kingdoms, as ſome of the weakeſt of their predeceſſors *; while they ſhew themſelves ſteady in the diſcharge of their truſt, and ready to purſue every meaſure that can tend to the proſperity and glory of the nation, they will be revered and looked on as the parents of their people.

In the laſt reſort, the preſervation of Britiſh liberty muſt depend on the ſpirit of independence in her ſons; and the cultivation of this ſpirit ought perpetually to employ the attention of thoſe who preſide in her ſenate. But this, we are ſorry to remark, is not always the caſe. Could the nobility and gentry of Great-Britain be made truly conſcious of their own dignity, could they clearly perceive wherein their honour and happineſs depend; were they thoroughly convinced that the conſtitution of their country is the moſt precious poſſeſſion, the preſervative of their eſtates, and prop even of their pleaſures, they would in the firſt place be at more pains to ſtudy it, and then in their deliberations would conſult its intereſt as their own. They would deſpiſe and trample on little party views, of what kind or denomination ſoever. No removed malecontent from pique or love of place would betray them into a factious oppoſition; no popular frenzy on one ſide, or frown of power on the other, would ſhake their firm reſolve, or make them ſwerve in a ſingle point from their duty: But wiſely true to the welfare of their country, true to their own independency, they would purſue one bold undeclining courſe of ſound and heroic policy. The paſſions, the politics, the frowns, the foibles of other ſtates, or ſtateſmen, ſhould not impede or deter them from driving at the prime point in view, Britain's glory, their higheſt intereſt. Neither let the leaſt doubt of ſucceſs, in ſo glorious a cauſe, damp their endeavours againſt either foreign or domeſtic foes. Right and bravery will always get the better of wrong, and liberty has always, when they met upon terms but nearly equal, trampled ſlavery under foot; all hiſtory, eſpecially the Britiſh, abounding with inſtances of handfuls of free men triumphing over multitudes of ſlaves. But the native force of Great-Britain is formidable in itſelf; its dominion wide and fertile, and its public revenue of great amount, and capable of much greater. By the ſituation of our happy iſland in the north-weſt of Europe, the opportunities of her havens, the number and ſtrength of her colonies (ſpread almoſt over the globe) and, above all, by her conſtitution, and the noble genius of her ſons, capable of every thing but ſervitude, ſhe ſeems deſigned by nature to be the ſanctuary of liberty and the miſtreſs of the ocean.

* *James I, who was in the intereſt of Spain; and Charles II, and James II, who were in the intereſt of France.*

From the Whitehall Evening Poſt, *May* 26.

To Lord ROCHFORD.

MY LORD,

WHEN I conſider your Lordſhip's conduct, I am puzzled to declare, whether your Lordſhip is more a myſtery in private or public life.

You have played throughout your miniſterial ſervice a motley character, and have ſhifted your ſails as often as a fiſherman's boat, when ſtriving to ſave a periſhable cargo for the market.

You are as much a Proteus in life as in dreſs; and every body knows that Lord Rochford has wore the livery of every Miniſter, and that he has been the Tris of their embaſſy. I am ſorry I cannot term your Lordſhipthe Mercury of their errands; it would be doing injuſtice to his Heathen Godſhip, when we conſider that he was ever reputed the Maſter of Letters, which every one knows your Lordſhip is not; and conſequently more like the old woman above, who is an ambaſſadreſs at every hour. It is difficult to determine whether your Lordſhip has played more with the fame of your country or your fortune: They have reciprocally ſuffered; the one is as much diſgraced in record, as the other is out at the elbows. I ſhall not mention a word of your Lordſhip's amours, for fear of electrifying the delicate nerves of Lady Rochford and Mrs. Fountain.

To purſue you through your labyrinth of vices, is a taſk for a Theſeus, which no man in his ſober mind would attempt, unleſs he had the clue of Ariadne to bring him back to light and virtue. Your Lordſhip has ever been a myſtery, and it muſt be a miracle that makes you good. To whitewaſh your Lordſhip, and cleanſe your houſe of ſin, is a taſk for the Herculean ſcavenger. I beg to be excuſed the dirty job. The laſt exertion of your Lordſhip is inglorious: You ſhould rather have made a certain ſimple Knight ſucceſſor to Lord Mazarine's impriſonment, than have procured him an Indian command. Strings and ribands are ſometimes judiciouſly beſtowed: A Court of Juſtice would not have acted like Lord Rochford; but birds of the ſame feather will ſtick together; and great knaves will admire the talents of little ones, as they may be uſeful to their flagitious deſigns. It is my catechiſm in life, that a rebel can never be a faithful ſubject, nor a conjugal tyrant a good man.

To ſpeak of your Lordſhip's attachments and friendſhips demand my next attention; and they are as ſingular, as abſurd and unnatural. What muſt be the ſentiments of a public Miniſter, who partially connects himſelf with the natural and approved enemy of his country?

Don Franciſco Boccarelli has been your Lordſhip's *amiable* friend. You have exerted yourſelf more for his fame than your country's honour. You ſtile ſuch heterogeneous eccentricity the mark of a great man: But does it not, my Lord, ſavour more of the venal knave? A blazing comet may fill us with awe, while we ſuffer from its noxious influence. To hold a tottering ſeat in Adminiſtration by the recovery of Falkland's Iſles, have you not ſubmitted baſely to the arrogance of the Spaniards?

Decollation ſhould have been returned to the man, who did not reſent the unhanging of the frigate's rudder.

Lord Bute planned the fall of Newfoundland for the French, that he might make a better bargain with a better face for himſelf, and give up more plauſibly his country's acquiſitions; and you, my Lord, have granted the impudent demand of Spain, and forbid a Britiſh ſhip of war to appear in Carthagena, Ferrol, and Cales. Would our forefathers ever have believed, that a kingdom of the earth ſhould reſtrain the navigation of the Britiſh navy?

The naval officers unanimouſly agree, that Lord Rochford has diſgraced them more in one paltry negotiation than ever the Dutch did by burning Chatham. Did not Cromwell teach you in an early day, that no oratory was ſo powerful and prevailing with the Spaniards as a broad-ſide? What a ſhivelling ſcholar art thou, to diſgrace the rudiments of ſuch a maſter!

The Britiſh ſhips of war were uſed to convey the monies of Spain from Cales to England, France, Italy, and the States of Genoa, &c. which enriched the ſubject and the kingdom, and ſerved the merchant.

This profit did the Lord Rochford give up to every other nation, upon ſome conditional clauſe for the reſignation of Falkland's iſles. Is it not ſtrange, that when we [illegible]ing victors, we give up in all our negotiations n[illegible]s?

France, Holland, Denmark, Swe[illegible] the benefits of this buſineſs, and bear immenſe [illegible]ſtate, which was once the capital and peculiar ad[illegible]Engliſh.

Let us hope that a new Adminiſt[illegible]ver this loſs, and convince the Dons of Caſtile, th[illegible] Cowardice, Corruption, Diſhonour, and Venality, are not the characteriſtics of Britiſh Mariners, but only of Britiſh Miniſters.

A SAILOR.

Mr. POWELL, Charles-Town, Auguſt 13, 1772.

YOU will oblige me in publiſhing the following Letter in your GAZETTE, *as it will naturally ſhew to my Correſpondents in* England, &c. *as well as my Friends here, my Reaſon for refuſing to act as* INSPECTOR-GENERAL *of* INDICO *for the Province: But if my Knowledge of that Article can render any Service to the Gentlemen I ſelected in my Advertiſement of the* 23*d of* July, *they may depend, that no Conſideration whatever, ſhall induce me to alter my Reſolution, not to* GARBLE *or* SEAL *any* INDICO *but ſuch as is nearly equal to the* French.

Yours, &c.

MOSES LINDO.

To HENRY LAURENS, *Eſq;*

SIR,

IT was my Intention to have wrote my Sentiments on the Quality of this Crop of INDICO, and of the Madneſs, or Folly, of ſome of the Purchaſers in giving extravagant Prices, without the ſmalleſt Proſpect of Succeſs.

A prudent Purchaſer ought not to give ſo much, in the Beginning of a Crop, by *Six-pence* Sterling per Pound, as the Average of his Account of Sales in *Auguſt*; as you know, Sir, the Loſs of Weight and Bills at *Five per Cent.* Diſcount, reduces the Neat Proceeds:—For ſhould the Purchaſer here have the good Fortune to get his Indico ſold at *Five Shillings* and *Nine-pence* per Pound, which coſt him *Five Shillings*, I am ſure he has been working to be thought a great Merchant. I have been cautious of ſaying any Thing to a Kind of Indico like the *Monſerat*, till the Crop was diſpoſed of; but Gratitude obliged me to adviſe my Friends, Meſſrs. HANSON, CLARK, & Co. Merchants: As they, and other conſiderable Dealers in that Article at Home, will naturally be alarmed, I tremble at the Conſequences, and much more ſo, as there is not a Caſk ſealed by me, though I was offered *Four Thouſand Pounds* Sterling Value to Garble and Seal; by which I ſhould have got *One Hundred* and *Twenty Pounds* Sterling, honeſtly telling them, that neither the Quality or Price ſhould induce me to bring a Diſgrace on the Seal with a Crown over *G R.* that the Shippers of Indico might be convinced, their View in ſuch Mixtures, was a wrong judged Step.—But Self-intereſt will carry ſome Men beyond the Bounds of Reaſon; and when they begin to reflect on their Conduct, Confuſion takes Place—the Conſequence needs no Explanation.

As the Opinions of People here differ, in Reſpect to my Sentiments concerning the Quality of the INDICO of the laſt Crop, I ſhall eſteem it a particular Favour, if you would make a ſtrict Enquiry, amongſt the principal Traders and Brokers, ſo as to be able to make, on your Return, a candid Repreſentation to the Aſſembly, who naturally will make ſome Regulation to eſtabliſh its former Reputation at Home, as well as at Foreign Markets—and when I am impowered as INSPECTOR-GENERAL of INDICO for the Province, to fix the Allowance each Caſk ought to have, for Damp and Mixtures, I will chearfully employ all my Attention to its Welfare, in Oppoſition to thoſe, who, under the Cloak of Sanctity, are endeavouring to deſtroy the Proſperity of this Province—A bold Saying, but a true One.

And, with ſincere Regard and Reſpect,

I remain, SIR,

Per the London, Capt. Curling. Your obliged, humble Servant,

MOSES LINDO.

To be SOLD,

The Owner having no Uſe for him,

A handſome good SADDLE HORSE,

Of the *Engliſh* Breed, upwards of fourteen Hands high.

Enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE near the EXCHANGE.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over the said Province, and Vice-Admiral of the same.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by the Continuation of the Boundary Line between this Province and *North-Carolina*, which has lately been run, in Purſuance of His MAJESTY'S INSTRUCTIONS to the Governors of both Provinces, ſeveral Plantations which have been ſettled by Virtue of Grants from the Governor of *North-Carolina*, fall within this Government. IN ORDER to preſerve to the Proprietors of ſuch Grants, the equitable Right they have to the Lands mentioned therein, I DO, by the Advice of His Majeſty's Council, iſſue this my Proclamation; HEREBY STRICTLY FORBIDDING all the Deputy-Surveyors of this Province, from laying any Warrant on Lands for which Grants have been obtained in *North-Carolina*: AND notifying to all Perſons poſſeſſed of, or intitled unto, ſuch Grants, that they may have Grants for the ſame from this Government, on their producing ſuch Grants, without their perſonal Attendance at *Charles-Town*, provided Application is made for the ſame within *twelve Months* from the Date hereof.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at Charles-Town, *this Nineteenth Day of* June, *Anno Domini* 1772, *and in the Twelfth Year of His Majeſty's Reign.*

Charles-Greville Montagu.

By His Excellency's Command,
THOMAS SKOTTOWE, *Secretary.*

DEWAR & BACOT

Have imported, in the HEART-OF-OAK, *Captain* GUNN, *from* LONDON, *and the* LIBERTY, *Capt.* LASLEY, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE and coloured PLAINS, of the beſt Quality; Duffil and Bed-Blankets; ſtriped Flannels; Men and Women's Saddles and Saddlery of all Sorts; Portmanteaus, and Boot Straps.

A large Aſſortment of IRON-WARE:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

ANVILS, Beak-Irons, Sledges, and Hammers; Wa[illegible] and Chair-Boxes; Iron Axles, with Braſs Caps [illegible] Livery Lace; *Wilton* Carpeting; Varniſh Oil an[illegible] moſt other Articles ſuitable for Coach and Chair [illegible] Plantation and Workmen's Tools.—Double G[illegible]; *Port* Wine, of the Vintage 1767; Perry, Cy[illegible]ton Ale; Double and Single refined Sugar, Bo[illegible]ea, *&c.*

Broad-Cloths, Caſimirs, Moulton, Sagathies, Durants, Calamancoes, *Norwich* and *Italian* Crape.—*Iriſh* Linen of various Qualities; Piſtol, Clear, and flowered Lawns; plain and flowered Gauze; Muſlin, Cambricks, Lace, and Edgings.—Dreſſing-Glaſſes of various Kinds, with gilt Frames.—Bed-Bunts; *Flanders* and other Tick; *Poland* Starch; Fig-Blue; Hair-Powder; Waſh and Blacking Balls, with Drugs, *&c.*—Boys and Girls *Morocco* Pumps; Women's Ditto, with *French* Heels; Women and Men's Leather Shoes; Women's Calamanco Pumps, as low as 30*s.* a Pair.

A good Aſſortment of Stockings, Haberdaſhery, and Cutlery, with moſt other Articles uſually imported; which they will ſell on the MOST REASONABLE TERMS, at their Store in BROAD-STREET.

ATKINSON & SYKES,

Being removed to the Store in BROAD-STREET, lately Mr. AARON LOOCOCK's,

Have imported in the laſt Ships from England,

A freſh and complete Aſſortment
OF
European & East-India Goods,
Suitable for this Province;

Which they will ſell Wholeſale or Retail on their uſual LOW TERMS for Caſh, in Proportion for Credit, or for Returns in CAROLINA Produce.

They alſo continue their STORE *on Colonel* BEALE's *Wharf,*

For all Kinds of Northward Articles,
VIZ.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, in Barrels, Half Barrels, and Kegs; Ship BREAD; Milk, Water, and Butter BISCUIT; RUM, HAMS, SOAP, CHEESE, white FLINT CORN, at 25*s.* per Buſhel; OATS, STARCH, WINDSOR CHAIRS, QUEEN'S WARE, *&c. &c.* Which they import regularly by every Return of a Veſſel kept conſtantly in that Trade.

N. B. GREEN TEA, at 50*s.*—BOHEA DITTO, at 25*s.*—and fine LOAF-SUGAR, at 5*s.* per Pound.

DAVID KINLOCH,

Late from LONDON,
Has to SELL for READY MONEY,
Or good Bills on *London*, at Thirty Days Sight,

BLACK flowered Modes and Sarſenets, from 19*s.* to 23*s.* per Yard; ſome white Ducapes and black Pelongs, all new and freſh; at Mr. THOMAS STEWART's, Sail-Maker, in ELLERY-STREET, *Trott's-Point*, near Mr. *Parker's*.

N. B. Good Allowance will be made to any taking ALL or a Quantity, as he is going Home.

To be SOLD,

At Mr. LEVY's *on* FRIDAY *the* 28*th Inſtant,*

TWO NEGRO BOYS;

One of which can ſhave and dreſs Hair, and is a very good Waiting-Boy; the other a very handy, likely Boy.

Likewiſe, A young likely NEGRO-WENCH, about Twenty Years of Age, who is a very good Waſher and Ironer.

Credit will be given till the Firſt of *January* next, paying Intereſt, and giving Security if required.

IMPORTED,

By the HEART-OF-OAK, Captain GUNN, from LONDON, and the ST. HELENA, Captain ARTHAR, from BRISTOL,

And to be diſpoſed of REASONABLY,

By *JOHN WEBB*,

White and Coloured PLAINS,
Of a very good Quality;

NAILS of all Sizes; Paints ground in Oil, of different Colours; Boxes of Glaſs, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, and 12 by 10; Graſs Scythes; Sheet Lead:—A Variety of Ironmongery, *London* Make, with Furniture, complete; ſeveral neat Fire-Grates, Braſs mounted, and many other Articles uſually imported.

The SUBSCRIBER,

Being obliged by his bad State of Health to decline Buſineſs,

Will SELL, by Auction,

At his Houſe up the Path, on FRIDAY *the* 28*th Day of* Auguſt, *inſtant, if a fair Day, if not, on the firſt fair Day thereafter,*

ALL his HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, Linen, Plate, Stock in Trade, Plantation Tools, Carts, Ploughs, *&c. &c.*

Likewiſe, EIGHT NEGROES; Conſiſting of a very handy Houſe-Wench, capable of all Sorts of Work, and her four Children, a Field Negro Man, and two very handy Boys.

Alſo, A Parcel of very fine Milch Cows.

At the ſame Time and Place,

Ten Field Negroes will be SOLD.

The Conditions will be declared at the Sale, by
JOSEPH LEVY.

St. John's Pariſh, Berkley County, Auguſt 17, 1772.

Notice is hereby Given,

TO all Reſidents or Non-Reſidents of the ſaid Pariſh, that they are aſſeſſed by the Church Wardens and Veſtry, at the undermentioned Rate, for the Maintenance of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh, and they are requeſted to give in Liſts of their Taxables, and pay the ſaid Aſſeſſment to either of the Subſcribers, on or before the 7th Day of *September* next, otherwiſe Executions will be iſſued againſt every Defaulter, without Diſtinction, viz. Lands, at *Two Shillings* per Hundred Acres; Stock in Trade, *One Shilling*; Annuities, *One Shilling*; Monies at Intereſt, *One Shilling*; Faculties, Profeſſions, and Handicraft Trades, *One Shilling*; Slaves, *Two Shillings* per Head.

RICHARD MASON,
PETER GOURDIN,
JAMES CORDES, jun. } *Collectors.*

The SUBSCRIBER,

At the Requeſt of ſeveral of her Friends, acquaints the Public,

THAT ſhe purpoſes to attend and manage at FUNERALS:—And thoſe who may be pleaſed to employ her on ſuch Occaſions, may depend on the utmoſt Care and Aſſiduity being uſed, by Their humble Servant,

SUSANNAH STILLMAN.

EUGENIO

Has ſent ſeveral BOOKS to many of his Friends, which he would be glad to re-peruſe; but is afraid of being thought "UNMANNERLY" ſhould he aſk the Return of them in any other Manner.

To be LETT,
(And may be entered on Immediately)

A Convenient HOUSE,

With an Acre of GROUND for a GARDEN, about a Mile and an Half from Town.—Any Perſon inclinable to Rent the ſame, may have it at Sixty Pounds a Year, by applying to WILLIAM LEE.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 20, 1772.

ALL Perſons who have not delivered in their ACCOMPTS againſt the Eſtate of PETER DELANCY, Eſq; deceaſed, as formerly advertiſed, are requeſted to deliver them in, properly atteſted, before the Firſt Day of NOVEMBER next, as on that Day all Accompts will be paid, in Proportion to the Sums received, for Account of ſaid Eſtate, by

ELIZABETH DELANCY, *Adminiſtratrix.*

A ROBBERY.

WILLIAMSBURG, *in South-Carolina*, JULY 15, 1772.

ABOUT Four o'Clock in the Afternoon of Yeſterday, *July* 14th, 1772, came into my Houſe in *Williamſburg*, Two Men, one of them well made, of a dark Complexion, about Five Feet Eight Inches high, between Thirty and Forty Years of Age, ſomewhat round viſaged:—The other, about Two or Three Inches higher, ſlimmer made, of a dark Complexion, and ſeemingly ſome Years younger than the other; which Perſons, with Force, broke Ten Locks in the ſaid Houſe, and feloniouſly took and carried away Three Pocket-Books with a conſiderable Sum of Money, and Papers of Value; alſo a Caſe of Braſs-barrelled Piſtols, with Holſters; a Quantity of Men's Wearing Apparel, viz. One Suit of dark brown coloured Broad Cloth; another of brown Sagathy, bound with Worſted Ferret; a Pair of red Worſted Shag Breeches; a Crimſon-flowered Shag ſhaped Jacket Pattern; likewiſe two made Gowns, and ſeveral Gown Patterns, with an Aſſortment of Goods ſuch as Pedlars carry in the Country; a Pinchbeck Watch out of Repair, one Caſe of Razors with a Braſs Lock, only the Looking-Glaſs not in it; one Bag Wallet made of Duck, No. 1. bound with Leather; one Silver Watch Chain, and a large Silver Seal, with a Cornelian Stone in it. Whoever will apprehend the above Perſons, ſo that they may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive TWO HUNDRED POUNDS for both, or ONE HUNDRED POUNDS for either of them.

JAMES GAMBLE.

MATTHEW BENNET, talls a very old ſorrel GELDING, with a Reach down his Face, about twelve Hands and an half high, branded on the off Thigh IM; a Trotter. The Owner muſt prove his Property, before

HENRY CASSELS, J. P.

Alexander Alexander

PROPOSES to teach the Art of SURVEYING in the Evenings, the enſuing FALL and WINTER, provided he can get a ſufficient Number of young Gentlemen engaged, to make it worth his While: And having furniſhed himſelf with a CIRCUMFERENTOR and CHAIN, he intends to accompany his Pupils to the Fields and Woods near Town, at convenient Times, in order to inſtruct them in the Practice.

As Lands in this Province daily increaſe in Value, the Utility of this Art muſt encreaſe in Proportion.—The Advantages of an accurate Acquaintance with it, muſt be very apparent to thoſe Gentlemen in particular, who are poſſeſſed of landed Property in the Country, as it might, at any Time, give them a ſatisfactory Knowledge of the exact Dimenſions of their own Poſſeſſions; might be a Source of rational Amuſement in their leiſure Hours; and might enable them to be ſerviceable to their Friends and Neighbours.

He intends to begin on MONDAY the 28th of SEPTEMBER, at Six o'Clock in the Evening; and gives this early Notice, that Planters, and others, at a Diſtance, may have an Opportunity of applying for their Sons before that Time, as his Plan will be carried on with much more Facility to himſelf, and Advantage to his Pupils, provided they can all be initiated at once.

*** He has good Accommodations for Boarders, who may be inſtructed in the above Branch, and in any other he profeſſes to teach, without any additional Expence.

DAWSON & WALTER,

ACQUAINT THEIR FRIENDS,

That they have received, by the LIBERTY, *Captain* LASLEY, *from* BRISTOL,

Their Supply of Negro-Cloth;

ALSO,

DUFFILS, Swan-Skins, Flannels, and Serges:—Nails of all Kinds; Steel Corn-Mills; Whip and Croſs-Cut Saws; Paints, dry and in Oil:—Very fine Ale and Cyder, in Bottles; Chair-Harneſs; Saddlery, *&c.*

They have juſt received from LONDON,

A QUANTITY of CHINA;

Among which are complete Table and Tea Setts, very cheap: Alſo 3-4th plain Mantua Silks, brown, blue, Pink, yellow, and black; which will be ſold under the *common Advance.*

MONCK'S CORNER, Auguſt 3d, 1772.

THE COMMISSIONERS for building the PARISH CHURCH of Saint JOHN'S, have agreed to meet at MONCK'S CORNER, on THURSDAY the 15th of *October* next, for cloſing the Subſcriptions towards finiſhing the ſaid Church.———Any Perſon or Perſons, inclinable to ſubſcribe or add to their former Subſcriptions, are deſired to ſignify the ſame to either of the Commiſſioners, on or before that Day.

EDWARD HARLESTON.
DANIEL RAVENEL, ſenior.
DANIEL RAVENEL, junior.
JAMES CORDES, junior.
NATHANIEL BROUGHTON.

N. B. All former Subſcribers that have not paid, will be ſued after that Day.

FOR SALE,

A Piece of Ground in *Charles-Town*,

On the Eaſt Side of King-Street, Fifty Feet on ſaid Street, and Two Hundred and Thirty-five Feet Eaſtward, where it joins Land in the Poſſeſſion of *Robert Pringle*, Eſq.—It belongs to Mrs. MARY COLLINS, and to be ſold, by

Auguſt 15, 1772. OTHNIEL BEALE.

To be SOLD for no FAULT,

A very valuable NEGRO,

A HOUSE-CARPENTER. Apply to
JOHN SIMPSON, & Co.

N. B. Alſo, a few Dozens of good CLARET.

To be LETT,
Either furniſhed or unfurniſhed,

Two good genteel Lodging Rooms,

Within a ſmall Diſtance of the *Exchange.*

Enquire of the Printers of this Gazette.

A few Bales of Negro-Cloth,

AND

Some good *LONDON* PORTER,

JUST IMPORTED,

To be ſold reaſonably for Caſh, or good Bills of Exchange,

By THOMAS EVELEIGH.

To be SOLD,

Or LETT *upon Leaſe for a Term of Years,*

By the SUBSCRIBER,

HIS valuable PLANTATION on WACCAMAW, containing eight Hundred Acres of Land, all old Purchaſe; about One-half which is as good rich Tide Swamp as any in the Province, partly cleared, and under good Banks.—The Buildings, being moſtly new, are ſixed on a pleaſant Bluff upon the River, and conſiſt of a Dwelling-Houſe well-finiſhed, two large Barns, Pounding Machine, and all neceſſary Out-Buildings.—The Plantation is in fine Order for a Crop, and may be entered on immediately: The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. JOSEPH ALLSTON, or

[6 m.] FRANCIS GODDARD.

RUN AWAY

From the Subſcriber, two Months ago,

A NEGRO FELLOW, named FRANK, near five Feet ten Inches high, about 25 Years of Age; one of his Fingers has been diſlocated or broke. He has been ſeen between Aſhley River Ferry and Rantowle's Bridge. Any Perſon that will apprehend the ſaid Run-Away, and deliver him to me in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency. JOHN BRAILSFORD.

ALEXANDER GILLON

Has imported in the HEART-OF-OAK, *Captain* GUNN, *from* LONDON, *and in the* ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

A large Assortment of Goods:

Which, with those lately imported from *London*, *Hamburgh*, and *Holland*, make up

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
Such Goods as are usually imported here.

All which are to be disposed of at his Store in BROAD-STREET, on very EASY TERMS.

Amongst those now OPENING, are,

WHITE and coloured PLAINS; *London* and *Bristol* Dufhl Blankets; newest fashioned Men's Hats; Boxes of short Pipes; Glass-Ware, *&c.*

N. B. A small Consignment of Oznabrugs, Checks, Handkerchiefs, Men's Hats, and a few Boxes containing six Pounds and an Half of the very best HYSON-TEA, to be sold very CHEAP to any person that will take the Whole.

WILLIAM SCOTT, *jun.*

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

By the LIBERTY, *Captain* LASLEY, *from* BRISTOL,

White, blue, and green Plains;

WHITE's best Whip and Cross-Cut Saws, complete; a Quantity of Men's fashionable Hats; Hair-Brooms; Scrubbing Brushes; Sad-Irons; Chafing-Dishes; Iron Pots; Frying-Pans; Stock and Pad-Locks; Which, with an ASSORTMENT imported in the last Vessels from LONDON, will be disposed of on moderate Terms, at his Store on the Bay.

OLD JAMAICA RUM in Hogsheads and Porter Casks, fit for immediate Use; BARBADOS and GRENADA RUM in Hogsheads; a Quantity of very old VIDONIA WINE of the best Quality; a large Assortment of SQUARE and FLAT IRON; MUSCOVADO SUGAR in Hogsheads and Barrels; a few Boxes of SPERMACETI CANDLES; a fresh Assortment of SAIL CLOTH, consisting of Bridport, East Coker, Kirkham, Russia and Raven's; ANCHORS and GRAPNELS of all Sizes; a large Quantity of SEINE and SAIL TWINE; Philadelphia SUPERFINE FLOUR; SHIP BREAD, and WINDSOR CHAIRS of all Sorts; GLAUBER and EPSOM SALTS in Kegs; Ground SPANISH BROWN and WHITE LEAD; and a Quantity of INDIAN CORN, to be sold by

Shirley & Price.

To be SOLD,

At EIGHT *and an* HALF *for* ONE, CASH,

At the IRISH LINEN WAREHOUSE,

The Corner of BEDON's-ALLEY, *in* ELLIOTT-STREET,

IRISH LINENS—plain, flowered, striped and checked Muslins—six Quarters Humhums for Gowns—printed Linen and Calico Gowns—plain, flowered, and figured Lawns, Apron wide—Ounce Thread—Sets of Tambour-worked Ruffles, Handkerchiefs, and Aprons—japanned Tea Boards, and Ink Stands—Men's fine Hats—Table-Cloths, &c. &c.

A L S O,

HYSON TEA, at 4l. and 4l. 25s.—GREEN, at 50s. and 60s.—SOUCHONG, at 45s. BOHEA, at 25s. and 27s. 6d.—and Port WINE, from London, in Bottles, at 8l. the Dozen—pickled Herrings—Kegs of Spanish Brown—red, yellow, green, deep, and pale blue PAINTS, ground in Oil—Bed Cords and Twine—China, &c. to be SOLD CHEAP, by SAMUEL GORDON.

WILLIAM LONG, & Co.

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the HEART-OF-OAK, *Captain* GUNN, *from* LONDON,

White, Blue, and Green Plains;

London DUFFILS and FLANNELS;

With a Variety of other GOODS,

To be SOLD upon the usual Terms,

At their STORE at STONO.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE, blue, green, and Drab coloured PLAINS—plain and striped Flannels—Sail and Seine Twine—Vinegar and split Peafe, in Jugs—Nails of all sorts—Lead in Bars—Shot—Iron Pots, and sundry other Articles, to be sold on the usual Terms, at our Store on the BAY.

JOHN SIMPSON & Co.

CARNE & POINSETT

Have imported, in the last Vessels from London *and* Bristol.

A VERY LARGE AND GENERAL
ASSORTMENT of DRUGS,
CHYMICAL, GALENICAL,
AND
FAMILY MEDICINES;

MAHOGANY Medicine-Chests, with ground Stoppers and Specie Bottles; and *Bristol* Water, in Hampers: Which they will dispose of on the most reasonable Terms, at their Shop in *Elliott-Street*.——They have also a few Dozen of excellent PORT WINE, to dispose of CHEAP.

N. B. Orders from the Country punctually and expeditiously complied with.——Proper Allowances made to Practitioners.

BOXES of MEDICINES fitted up as usual.

WANTED, unfurnished,

A good airy ROOM or Two,

In any pleasant Part of the Town, and in a genteel Family.—Enquire at the Printing-Office, near the Exchange.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Comp.

Have imported in the Liberty, *Captain* Lasley,

A LARGE ASSSORTMENT
OF
White and Coloured PLAINS,
Pennistones, Flannels, and Duffils.

And in the HEART-OF-OAK, *from* LONDON,

A further Supply of fine Goods:

PART OF WHICH ARE,

A Considerable Value in Silk Damasks; plain *English* Silks, of different Sorts; newest fashioned *Pantheon* Silks, for Cloaks and Hats; Ribands; Laces; Gold and Silver Thread:—A neat Assortment of Broad Cloths, Casimirs, and Sagathies, with Trimmings; Princes Stuffs of different Qualities:—A considerable Value in Cambricks and Lawns, bought a Bargain, and will be sold very CHEAP:—All Sorts of printed Goods, among which is a very curious Sett of Bed-Furniture; very fine purple Linens, Cottons, and Calicoes; *Wilton* Carpeting; Camblets, Calamancoes, and other Stuffs; Which, with their large CARGO received by the PORTLAND, Captain WILSON, make their Assortment the completest they ever yet had.

They have also by the above Vessels,

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
Locks, Hooks, and Hinges, Glass, Paints,
AND ALL OTHER
BUILDING ARTICLES:

All which will be sold on the VERY LOWEST TERMS.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.

Have just received by the PORTLAND, *Captain* WILSON, *from* LONDON,

A large Value of Dry Goods:

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Great Quantity of IRISH LINENS, from 5*s.* to 60*s.* per Yard, and Sheeting from 7*s.* 6*d.* to 35*s.*—All Sorts of Huckabacks, Diapers, Damasks, and Tabling, a few complete Sets of each very elegant:—A great Choice of printed Handkerchiefs, Linens, Calicoes, Cottons, and Furnitures, which they have now directly from the Printing-Ground of *Mr. Hawkins* in *England*, and will sell much lower than common:—Plain and worked Lawns in Pieces and Suits; plain, striped, checked, and flowered Muslins; plain and flowered Book Muslins; Suits of worked Muslins, entirely new Patterns, and some very rich:—Loom Quilting; *English* and *India* Dimities; white and coloured Fustians; bleached, brown, and dyed Drabs; *Irish*, *Scotch*, and *German* Osnabrugs; best *Flanders* and common Bed-Ticks; Stripes; Checks, and all Sorts of *Manchester*, *German*, and *Russia* Goods; with a Chest of very cheap brown Hollands, and Linen-Drapery in General.

A L S O,

A Great ASSORTMENT of Taffeties, Persians, Chints, Ginghams, plain and flowered Modes, Sarsenets, Peelongs, and Sattins of all Colours, Ribands, Gauzes, Nettings, and Laces of every Kind; Sieve and Chip Hats; Stuff and Silk Coats, some of the very best Sorts; Bombasines, Crapes, Mourning Gloves, and all Mourning Articles; Thread, Cotton, and Silk Hose, of all Sizes; Worsted and Silk Breeches Pieces, of an extra Quality and large Sizes; three, four, and six Thread Worsted Webs, &c.—Which are well bought, and will be sold very cheap, especially for Cash; with their usual Allowance to those who buy to sell again.—They have added much to their former Stock, in Order to supply in the Wholesale Way, and to afford the greatest Variety to their other Customers.

Loaf Sugar, Hyson Tea, Green Tea (Bohea Tea, at 25*s.*) all of the very best Quality; a Quantity of best *London* White Lead, and other Paints, much under the common Price.

JOHN JAMES,

At his Store on ROWAND's Wharf,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the Brigt. CHARLES-TOWN PACKET, SAMUEL WRIGHT, Master, from PHILADELPHIA,

SUperfine FLOUR, in Barrels, Half Barrels, and Kegs; INDIAN CORN; OATS; Ship and Pilot Bread; *Hopkins*'s Milk, Water, and Butter Bread; best Salt-petred Hams; *Gloucester* and *Northward* Cheese; Mould and Tallow Candles, Spermaceti Candles; Earthern Ware, in Crates and Hogsheads; hard Soap; and some very neat round Top *Windsor* CHAIRS, *&c.*

In the Ship BEAUFAIN, *Captain* PURCHAS, *from*
LONDON,

LEGER & GREENWOOD

Have imported the following ARTICLES,
VIZ.

A few Pieces of rich Brocades & Lustrings;

RICH Lace Satins;
A few brocaded and Gold SHAPES, for Men's Waistcoats;
Double Edge Thread Lace
A Variety of Blond and Gauze Lappets;
Undressed Caps;
Dressed Lace Ditto;
Dressed Fly Ditto;
Gold and Silver Spangles, and Tombour Thread;
Ladies Hat Boxes, with Partitions;
Some fashionable Ribands;

And in the ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

Their white and coloured PLAINS;

Which coming (as usual) from the FIRST HANDS, the Quality will recommend itself.

CHARLES-TOWN, *August* 22, 1772.

ALL Persons having any Demands against the Estate of Mr. EDWARD HUGHES, Printer, deceased, are desired to deliver in attested Accounts thereof to the Subscriber, as soon as possible:—And those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make speedy Payments.

EDWARD WEYMAN, *Executor.*

GEORGE WOOD,

On the Bay, *the North-West Corner of the* Exchange,

Has just imported in the Ship CAROLINA, *Capt.* LOWLEY,

A WORK,
ENTITLED,

The ATLANTIC PILOT.

CALCULATED for the safer Conduct of Ships in their Navigation from the *West-Indies*, between *Cuba* and the *Martieres*, as well without (in the *Gulf Stream*) as within the late discovered Channel, called *Hawke Channel*, between the *Martiere* Reefs and the *Martiere* Islands: Which Channel extends from S. W. to N. E. 150 Miles in Length.——This Work contains full and clear INSTRUCTIONS for making, with Certainty, the Entrance of the *New-Bahama* Channel at *Cape-Florida*, with two excellent CHARTS of the *Martiere* Keys and Reefs, and a NEW CHART of the ATLANTIC OCEAN, from *Cape-Florida* to the *Start-Point* in the *English* Channel; shewing, with great Accuracy, the Progress of the *Gulf-Stream*, &c. &c.

The Whole taken from ACTUAL Surveys and careful Observations, begun in 1765, and finished in *September*, 1771,

By W. GERARD DE BRAHM, *Esq;*
His Majesty's Surveyor-General for the Southern District of NORTH-AMERICA;

And published by the Permission of the Right Honourable the Earl of HILLSBOROUGH, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the *American* Department, with a View to prevent such fatal Calamities as have hitherto befallen Ships navigating to those Seas, where about Fifty Vessels are annually lost for want of such a Pilot.

He has likewise lately imported in other Vessels from LONDON,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
OF
STATIONARY WARE,
Containing almost every Article in that Branch;
WITH A
COLLECTION of BOOKS;
CONSISTING OF
Divinity, History, Classics, Voyages, Travels,
Lives, Memoirs, Poetry, Law, Physic, Novels, Plays, *&c.*
Ditto Holdsworth's Natural SHORT-HAND.

Book-Binding carried on in all its Branches,

Ledgers, Journals of all Sizes, and all Manner of Blank Books, done agreeable to Orders, on the shortest Notice, the Paper warranted to be as good as usual, and [illegible] reasonable Rates as any in the Province can afford.

ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE,

Acquaint their Friends,

That they have just RECEIVED their

White and coloured PLAINS;
WITH A LARGE
ASSORTMENT of other GOODS,
From LONDON *and* BRISTOL.

THE Plains being bought with *Cash*, at the best Manufactory in ENGLAND, will be sold very CHEAP, and are of a good Quality, equal to their Importation last Year.

A few very handsome Gold and Silver brocaded SHAPES, for Men's Summer Waistcoats.

THOMAS SMITH,

In ELLIOTT STREET,

Has just received by the BEAUFAIN, *Capt.* PURCHAS, *from*
LONDON,

A Consignment of Sconce-Glasses,
In elegant gilt Frames,
DRESSING-GLASSES, *&c.*

PHILADELPHIA fresh Ship and fine Water Biscuit:—A large Assortment of Queen's Ware, Glasses, &c.—Osnabrugs, Checks, Linen, Silk, and *Barcelona* Handkerchiefs, Cravats; Thread and Silk Stockings; Damascus; Thread Satin; striped Cottons, Muslins, Cambricks, &c. &c.

CRAVEN-COUNTY, *July* 23*d*, 1772.

TAKEN UP by DAVID JENNET, a brown bay MARE, about 12 Hands two Inches high, and about ten Years old, unbranded; has some Saddle-spots, and a Star and Snip, the near hind Foot white.

Taken up by JEREMIAH WILLIAMS, a white MARE, about ten Years old, and 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder something like ♈, and on the off Shoulder AP joining.

Taken up by ABRAHAM TALER, a sorrel MARE, about 12 Hands high, and about five Years old, paces a Travel; branded on the near Buttock III.

Taken up by JAMES CANNON, a black HORSE, about 12 Years old, and about 13 Hands and an Half high, paces naturally, has an Half-penny out of his near Ear, with some Saddle-spots; branded on the near Shoulder qB joining, and on the near Buttock IↃ.

The Owners of the above Strays, must prove the Property, within the Time prescribed by Law, before the Subscriber, living in the Fork between Broad and Saludy Rivers, on Cannon's Creek. SAMUEL CANNON, J.P.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 1, 1772.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intituled, "An "ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be an SIX POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS per Hundred lb. Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both used by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves must weigh as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.
WHITE,	1	10	8	WHITE,	2	2	0
WHEATEN,	2	7	12	WHEATEN,	3	3	0
HOUSHOLD,	3	5	0	HOUSHOLD,	4	4	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

GEORGE SHEED, *Commissary-General.*